Advertise in the "Times"

THE DELIA TIMES

Classified Ads bring results

An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol. XL, No. 5 DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1929 Subscription $1.50 a Year

Farmers' Store News

Real Values in Towelling

Turkish and Crash Towelling, from ..... 25c to 35c yd.
Tea Towelling, from ..... 20c to 65c yd.

And with every dollar purchase of towelling you can buy a linen tea towel for 25c.

A few pair point Blankets, at clearing prices :

3 point Red Blankets $10.25
3 point White Blankets $10.75

Specials for Friday, Saturday & Monday only

Fry's Cocoa, ½-lb. tin 30c
" 1-lb. tin 55c
Blackberry Jam, 4-lb. tin 55c
Cherry Jam, 4-lb. tin 75c

McLaren's Baking Powder, 5-lb. tin, containing cup and saucer $1.75

Delia Farmers' Co-operative Association, Ltd.

Phone your Order to 39

Sentinel Hill Items

Mrs. S. S. DeMott was chosen by The School Board to attend the Trustees' Convention at Lethbridge, next week.

The School Fair Meeting on Friday last was well attended, and the schools heretofore connected with the Springwater School Fair Association show a creditable inclination to continue their school fair work. The officers for this year are :—

Pres.—W. J. Simpson, Vice Pres.—J. L. Newman, Directors—J. Blair, Hec. V. J. Simpson, Mrs. J. Gentner, J. F. Harrison and Wm. Lawrence.

The annual school meeting elected Mr. J. Blair to the school board, succeeding W. C. Lee.

The January meeting of the W. I. will be held on Thursday, Jan. 31, at Mrs. L. Redmond's.

Antimony in Canada

Although the production of antimony from Canadian mines was first recorded in 1895, shipments have been somewhat erratic and production has gradually fallen off largely on account of the decline in the marked price of this metal. Ores of antimony are known to occur, however, in British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Ontario, Quebec, and Yukon, and there are indications of a renewal of interest which may result in antimony being regularly included in the statistics of Canada's mineral production.

Standing of the Dunlop Cup Competition to January 29th

Rinks	Games Won	Lost	Draw	Pts
F. Anderson	6	3	0	12
J. Fairburn	5	2	0	10
F. J. Stewart	5	2	0	10
R. A. Stewart	3	3	3	9
D. H. Campbell	3	3	2	8
T. Thompson	3	3	1	7
W. A. Howe	3	4	0	6
Mrs. Newcombe	3	1	1	5
E. M. Howe	2	3	0	4
S. Walker	2	4	0	4
Mrs. Dunlop	1	5	1	3
Mrs. Hamilton	1	5	0	2

Anyone desiring to play in the Bonspiel will please hand in their name to secretary with their fee at once.

All membership fees must be paid before entering the Spiel.

A. P. Moan Heads Co-operative Wholesale

The position of manager of the Alberta Co operative Wholesale, which represents some 15 co-operative stores throughout the province has been filled by the appointment of A. P. Noan who for the past 11 years has been president of the Wetaskiwin Co-operative Association. In his new capacity Mr. Moan will occupy an office in the Egg and Poultry Pool Building at Edmonton.

Health Service of the Canadian Medical Association

EXERCISE AND REST

Particularly during the winter months, it appears to be necessary to remind many persons of the need for daily exercise of the body. Exercise tends to strengthen the muscles of the body, including the heart which is a muscular organ. Exercise deepens and increases respiration, produces heat, induces perspiration, and develops the motor and sensory nerve centres of the brain.

If the food which we eat is to be properly digested and used for the nutrition of the body, we must exercise ; if the elimination from bowel and kidney is to be kept in proper order, we must exercise. It is perhaps a good working rule to say that the normal individual should exercise to the point of perspiration once a day. We should walk sometimes in place of riding, play some games and spread them throughout the week, not concentrate them all on Saturday.

On the other hand, we should not forget the need of rest. Perhaps there are more of us in need of rest than of exercise. Children require a great deal of rest, freedom from activity, and long hours of sleep in order that they may grow and develop healthy minds in healthy bodies. The adult needs rest in order to repair the wear and tear of daily life, and to prepare for the days ahead. A quantity of our activities are without any particular interest to us. They are largely a matter of doing something, an evidence of our inability to be still, and to enjoy ourselves quietly and restfully in relaxation.

We must realize that the possibilities of health depend, in large measure upon ourselves If we would have health, we must be prepared to make the necessary effort to secure the exercise we need and to establish habits of living which permit of sufficient rest and sleep. Neglect means less health if not actual disease ; it means living our lives below the standard which we are capable of attaining. It means more worry and less happiness. Health is worth the effort, but we must make the effort ourselves.

Questions concerning Health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by letter.

No matter where you open your Bible and discover the purpose of God, you will find the devil working with all his might to defeat it.

Some men are honest because they never had a good chance to steal anything.

THE WEATHER

This district and the whole of Alberta during the past fortnight has experienced one of the worst cold snaps in many years. According to old-timers, the present cold weather is the severest since 1911, when the mercury dropped to 50 below zero. Monday morning was certainly the coldest locally, when the mercury dropped to 49 below. Some thermometers registered as low as 61, but the agent at the local meteorological station, whose instruments were installed by the government last October, reports as follows:—

TEMPERATURES
By Mr. Joseph Blair
Agent of Dom. Meteorological Service

Mr Blair will be pleased to answer any enquiries. Phone 1915.

	Min.	Max.
Jan 22	28 below	9 below
" 23	28 "	1 "
" 24	37 "	11 "
" 25	27 "	11 "
" 26	37 "	18 "
" 27	37 "	26 "
" 28	49 "	29 "
" 29	36 "	21 "
" 30	29 "	12 "

At time of going to press a mild wave had struck this district, and indications are for warmer weather.

Agricultural Short Course at University

Announcement is made of a special agricultural short course which will be held at the University of Alberta from February 11 to February 22, 1929. This will be given by the teaching and investigation staff of the College of Agriculture and will provide an opportunity for the farmers of the province to obtain in a short time the first hand knowledge of the work being carried on at the University for the betterment of agriculture in the province. The course is designed to meet the needs of farmers and others who are anxious to secure this information without spending the time or the money involved in taking a complete winter's course. Lectures and demonstrations will be given in connections with soils, field and garden crops, common insect and disease pests, farm machinery, live stock judging and breeding and diseases of animals. It is made clear in the announcement that there are no fees, no entrance requirements and no age limits imposed on the candidates. Those interested in attending the course should communicate with Dean E. A. Howse of the College of Agriculture at the University.

Fairs Association Holds Annual Meeting

The annual convention of the Alberta Association of Fairs Association will be held in Calgary on February 12 and 13. At this gathering approximately 125 delegates will be in attendance representing Agricultural fairs in all parts of the province. Arrangements for the meeting are in charge of V. E. Forster of Camrose, president of the association ; H. Huxley of Lloydminster, secretary, and S. G. Carlyle, Superintendent of Fairs and Institutes for the province.

Short Course given for Weed Inspectors

The attention of farmers and others interested in weed control and eradication is drawn to the fact that a short course specially designed for weed inspectors will be offered at the University of Alberta by the provincial Department of Agriculture, from February 26 to March 1. Instruction will be given during the course in the interpretation of The Noxious Weed Act, in the identification of weeds and on other subjects having directed bearing on the question of weed control. The candidates who satisfactorily pass an examination at the termination of the course will be given a diploma by the Minister of Agriculture qualifying them as weed inspectors, and entitling them to recognition by those districts requiring such services. Applications for attendance at this free course should be received at the office of Field Corps Commissioner, W. J. Stephen, before February 22nd.

The burning question soon will be the sun instead of coal prices.

Local Branch Canadian Legion

The Delia Branch of the Canadian Legion held their annual meeting and election of officers for 1929 on Saturday January 26.

Mr. Geo. Martin was elected president, with Major J. L. Newman 1st vice-pres., and N. Campbell 2nd vice-pres.

Sec.-Treasurer—E. H. Gallagher.

Directors—Major H. F. Allen, Dr. W. A. MacDonald, and E. M. Young.

Those present were very enthusiastic over the program outlined for the coming year, which includes the erection of a Memorial Hall, and the making of 1929 a banner year for this branch.

The Slogan—"Every veteran a member, and every member a booster."

Grain Commission to Hold Settings in Alberta

Authority has been given by the provincial government, under The Public Inquiries Act, to the commission appointed by the government of Saskatchewan, on the grading and marketing of grain, to hold sittings in Alberta.

This action has been taken at the request of the commission itself, which has felt that in order to make its inquiries as complete as possible, it should extend them to this province also, which it could not do unless clothed with some authority from the Alberta Government. Desiring to co-operate with the sister province and to facilitate the work of the commission as much as possible, the necessary powers have now been conferred upon the commission, which will therefore have the right to hold sittings in Alberta on the same basis as in its own province. It is not known how many sittings will be held, but presumably the larger centres will be included in the itinerary and possible some of the leading rural shipping points.

Alberta Dairy Convention, February 6-7

Plans are now being made for the twenty-fourth annual convention of the Alberta Dairyman's Association which [illegible] to be held in Edmonton on February 6 and 7, 1929, under the joint auspices of the association and the provincial department of agriculture.

Included in the speakers who will address the gathering are Dr. J. A. Ruddick, Dominion Dairy Commissioner; Dr. E. G. Hood, Chief of the Federal Division of Dairy Research; Prof. W. Sadler, Professor of Dairying at the University of B.C ; Jos Burgess, Chief of the Federal Division of Dairy Produce; and representatives of the University of Alberta and the Department of Agriculture.

The boys and girls cattle judging competition and dairy demonstration will again be popular features of the program as will also the milk and cream competitions for the DeLaval provincial and interprovincial creamery butter contests.

Delia Women's Institute

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures

To December 31, 1928

RECEIPTS

Bank Balance, January 1, 1928		$ 23.30
Fees	.. ..	10.00
Flower Fund	.. ..	2.65
Teas	.. ..	40.10
Cake Sale	.. ..	5.00
Public Meeting lecture		16.25
Picture Show	.. ..	18.25
Garden Party	.. ..	31.05
Tickets for banquet	.. ..	24.00
Home Cooking sale	.. ..	46.30
White Elephant	.. ..	9.00
Doll raffle	.. ..	15.25
Miscellaneous, seed, flour, etc.		51.00
		$290.95

EXPENDITURES

Rent, $32; Printing and Advertising, $20 ..	..	$ 52.00
Delia Agricultural Society Prizes	..	12.25
Beach Home, Calgary	..	50.00
Rest Room, $10; Flowers, $38.21		48.21
Postage, $3.80; Seed, $14.74		
Adults, $2.00 ..	..	20.54
Delegate expenses, $16.00 ; Banquet, $35 ..	..	51.00
Library, $5; Miscellaneous, $20.55	..	25.55
		$230.25
Receipts	..	$290.95
O.S. Cheques	..	12.85
		$281.94
Expenditures	..	$230.25
Bank Balance	..	50.69
Error, deposit	..	3.00
		$281.94

Audited this 19th day of January, A.D. 1929, and found to be correct.
J. W. GUNN,
Official Auditor.

Heavy and Shelf Hardware
Furniture, Harness, Trunks and Bags
Undertaking Supplies
All kinds of Tinsmithing and Furnace Work
Picture Framing done
Bring in your shoes and harness, and have them repaired by a first-class mechanic
All work guaranteed

Grant-McLean Co. Ltd.
DELIA, Alta. Phone 4

Minneapolis and Twin City Tractors

A sure, steady, dependable power for all jobs
Sizes—Twin City, 17-28; 21-32 and 27-44
Minneapolis, 17-30 new light weight, 30-50

R. C. COAD, Agent, Delia
Res Phone 48 Catalogues and other literature on request

OLYMPIA THEATRE
WILLIAM HAINES in
"Excess Baggage"
with JOSEPHINE DUNN and RICARDO CORTEZ
Fri. and Sat., Feb. 1st & 2nd
A JAMES CRUZ Production

God's Plan in the Bible

If you are not interested in the [illegible] perhaps you are interested in the future. We have reached the sixth dispensation, which will connect the past with the future and consequently bring out the present.

There are some stupendous events coming to pass on this earth in which you must be implicated It is worth while knowing in what way you are connected with them. Your knowledge of these things will determine your own future. Eternity is drawing near for us all, whether we live or die Do you know where you will spend it ?

If you are still in the dark come around to the Baptist Church on Sunday at noon, and get into the light.

British Whalers and Baffin Place-names

British ships no longer hunt the whale in Davis strait and Baffin bay, but evidence of their former activity is given by the place-names of the region. According to the Geographic Board of Canada. Adams sound and Arctic bay in Admiralty inlet, Baffin island, commemorate Captain Adams of the Scottish seaport of Dundee on the river Tay, and his ship *Arctic*. There is also an Adams island at the entrance to Navy Board inlet, Baffin island. Eclipse sound at the north end of Baffin island bears a name of another Dundee whaling ship as does Alberta harbour. In Eclipse sound are Milne inlet, named after the skipper of the *Eclipse*, and Tay sound. Cape Adams and cape Milne in the Royal Geographical Society group of islands were named by Captain Budd Amsden in 1905, when he sailed his ship the *Gjoa* through the Northwest passage from the Atlantic to the Pacific, Captains Adams and Milne having deposited stores for him in Melville bay, Greenland.

In Utopia the rents are just as high as here, but the tenant acquires title to the property after he has paid for it seven times.

U.F.A. Concludes Successful Convention

The annual convention of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. of Alberta held in Edmonton during the past week has been one of the most successful events in the history of the organizations. H. W. Wood, the veteran president of the U.F.A., was unanimously re-elected to this office for his fourteenth successive term. Mrs. R. B. Gunn who has retired from the leadership of the U.F.W.A. after five years service in this position will be succeeded by Mrs. A. H Warr of Waskatenau.

Telephone Service Steadily Growing

The steady growth of the Alberta Government Telephone System is indicated by the announcement in the monthly letter of the department that for the first time in the history of the system over 60,000 telephone stations are in operation The exact number shown at the end of the year is 60,222 representing a gain of 3,171 during 1928. A large number of telephones have been installed recently around the following points on the new Willingdon-Edmonton line: Elk Island, St. Michael, Andrew, Griesbach, Willingdon, Starr, Josephburg, Westock and Beaver Hill

Will Import 2,000 Pheasants

Of interest to sportsmen in the province will be the announcement that some 2 000 Mongolian and Chinese ring necked pheasants will be imported during the coming summer by the Calgary Fish and Game Association These birds will be liberated throughout the southern part of the province where 1,8000 were placed last season as part of the Game Association's plan for restocking Alberta's bird supply.

A Bid For Freedom :

THE trend of business is towards amalgamation and centralization—building up vast organizations through consolidation of many small ones. In the face of this development the farmer as a single unit has found himself isolated, helpless and working at a disadvantage.

The first step taken by producers to remedy their position was the formation of producers' committees, of which the Wheat Pool as the most notable example. In the Pool the strength of unity has been demonstrated time and again.

For the protection of himself and his family, and for the advancement of agriculture in general, every wheat producer in Alberta should join the Alberta Wheat Pool.

There is no question but that the Wheat Pool has corrected abuses, narrowed grain trade profits, stabilized markets, and lessened disastrous speculation for the benefit of ALL wheat growers in Canada.

Undoubtedly the Wheat Pool has paid higher average prices to its members than the Grain Trade has paid to non-Poolers.

The Pool elevator system, operated on a non-profit basis, has given its patrons service at cost, fair weights and grades, and a measure of protection never before accorded?

To Those Who Have Not Yet Joined the Wheat Pool:

ARE you going to build and maintain private grain and elevator systems forever and provide abundant profits for stockholders year after year?

OR are you going to join the Wheat Pool ranks and work for your own interests and the interest of your Pool neighbors.

The Alberta Wheat Pool
Lougheed Building, Calgary

Special Clubbing Offer!

By arrangement with the publishers we are enabled to offer
The Western Home Monthly
—AND—
The Delia Times
The two papers for one year.
Price only **$2.00**

Too Much ACID

Many people, two hours after eating, suffer indigestion as they call it. It is usually excess acid. Correct it with an alkali. The best way, the quick, harmless and efficient way, is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained for 50 years the standard with physicians. One spoonful in water neutralizes many times its volume in stomach acids, and at once. The symptoms disappear in five minutes.

You will never use crude methods when you know this better method. And you will never suffer from excess acid when you prove out this easy recipe. Please do that—for your own sake—now.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any druggstore.

This Changing World

Annual stock-taking is a wise procedure on the part of every individual and nation; it is absolutely essential in the case of the man in business if he is to make a success of the enterprise in which he is engaged. This is true whether the man be the manager of a large industrial concern, or the owner of a small country store. It also applies to the man who is engaged in the business of farming because to succeed he must know where he made money and where he lost it; he must find the leakages before he can plug up the holes.

Any such stock-taking should include a study of the trend of business throughout the country and the world to the extent that such study is possible. Especially, in view of the close commercial relations existing between them, and the fact that they do a larger business with each other than with any other country, the people of Canada and the United States should understand not only what is taking place in their own country, but also in the neighboring country. For these reasons recent analysis of United States business in 1928 as compared with 1927 are of value to Canada.

These comparative studies reveal some startling developments and trends in business. For example, the net coal output decreased 9.3 per cent., and petroleum production 0.9 per cent. while the output of electricity increased 9.2 per cent., thus indicating the rapidity with which electric power is overtaking steam power. Railway carloadings dropped 0.6 per cent. and gross railway earnings by millions of dollars; while the movement by motor trucks progressed over a larger mileage, and mail and express movements were heavier, while the output of automobiles increased 24 per cent., thus showing the outstanding trend to more rapid transportation of commodities.

Department store sales increased 1.1 per cent., mail order sales jumped 14.9 per cent., and chain store sales 17.1 per cent. On the other hand wholesale trade fell off 1.5 per cent., indicating steady progression in more direct selling methods and ultimate consumer contact. Some of the effects of this development is found in the increase of 1.2 per cent. in the number of business failures, notwithstanding the year was one of great productivity, new capital development and prosperity.

The modern trend in the larger use of electricity, more and still more and efficient machinery, and more direct and rapid transportation is emphasized by the fact that, in a year of amazing growth in production and consumption, employment decreased 3.3 per cent., and the significance of this is the fact that union wage rates were 0.4 per cent. higher, indicating that, while there was decreased employment, those in employment were receiving slightly higher wages.

The buying power of United States farmers rose 6 per cent., revealing an improvement in the agricultural situation. Business profits rose 11 per cent., savings bank deposits 8.9 per cent., life insurance sales 5 per cent.

The above figures would seem to indicate certain factors and lessons deserving of earnest consideration by all business men. The fact that business profits rose 11 per cent. and business failures increased indicates that the business man who keeps himself informed of the trends in business and in conformity with changing conditions succeeds while the uninformed and ultra-conservative loses out. To the artizan, clerk and working man the figures seem to say that in this machinery age the man with knowledge and ambition will find the efficient man, is the one who receives the higher wages, while the inefficient finds increasing difficulty in securing work.

The same economic forces are at work in Canada as in the United States, and the same tendencies are at work in Canada, the chief one being that this country is not so highly industrialized and has much greater natural resources still in an undeveloped state calling for manual labor. In the commercial world, especially in the retail merchants' class, the problem of the small store, the chain store, and the mail order business is a vital question in the hands of great concerns, and the allied problems of transportation and distribution, are becoming quite as acute, and if he is not to go under the small store must change with the times, or become a specialty store, a one-stone, single-landed, but his chances of success are good through co-operation.

In the past few years, and particularly in 1928, a great change has taken place on our western Canada farms through the introduction of the combine, the motor truck, and the building of good roads. Through these means production will be increased on the one hand, while less human labor will be required and, in fact, there is the same tendency in agriculture as in manufacturing industry. This means that, large as western farms are on the average compared with other countries, they will, as operating units, become larger, with all the changes involved. Here, too, the further application of co-operative principles and methods will make for success.

The world will not stand still; it is moving forward at an ever faster pace and he who would stay in the procession, be he merchant, mechanic, farmer or banker, must be informed and equipped to move with it. The basic foundation of such equipment is as wide a knowledge as possible of the current trend of events, and the accepted methods of coping with the changes and developments so rapidly taking place.

The Sun's Mighty Fires

Long Distance of Half Million Miles At Terrific Rate

Leaping from the sun is a mass of flames which leap forth to a distance of half a million miles at a rate of 20,000 miles a minute, reports Dr. Ferdinand Ellerman, of Mount Wilson Observatory, California.

When these "prominences" were first noticed during a complete eclipse, early astronomers were divided as to whether they belonged to the sun or the moon.

In 1868, Sir J. N. Lockyer, the astronomer, found he could observe them by a spectroscope without waiting for an eclipse, and proved that they issued from the sun. It was while studying these tongues of flame that he became convinced of the existence of helium, the gas now used to lift navy dirigibles.

"All men are born free and equal!" "Yes, but some get married."

A Health Saving Reminder

Don't Wait

until you get the

Influenza

USE

Minard's Liniment

At the first sign of it. Its Healing Qualities are Amazing. THE OLD RELIABLE.

Contracting Tuberculosis

Occupations Where Air Is Charged With Dust Show High Death Rate

A survey made by the Metropolitan Life Insurance company has revealed some interesting information regarding the possibilities of death by tuberculosis. It is recorded that workers employed in trades and occupations where the air is charged with dust show a much higher death rate from this disease than do occupied males as a group. Foremost among these occupations are miners, with the exception of coal miners, pottery workers, stone cutters and others.

It Testifies for Itself—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil needs no testimonial of its powers other than itself. Whatever time it is sought or needed, for cuts or contusions, for sprains or burns, or pains in the limbs or body, well know that the medicine proves itself and needs no guarantee. This shows why this Oil is in general use.

Fertilizers From Trail, B. C.

Further experiments with superphosphate from the smelter at Trail, B. C., will be conducted in 1929 by the Alberta Department of Agriculture in conjunction with the Dominion experimental farms and C.P.R. experimental farms. An abundant quantity of this fertilizer will be available to most demands.

Scientists say the earth is cooling at the rate of two degrees every thirteen million years.

What Farming Is

Not Merely A Business But Building A Home

When a buyer goes hunting a farm his first question often is, "What is the location of the property in relation to schools, churches, highways, markets and shipping points?" Farming is more than a business. Farming is living, building a home, rearing children and educating them.

Here is where community life comes into the picture. When people take an interest in neighborhood affairs; when they help to improve their schools, their churches, their roads, they are improving their own surroundings and adding to the value of their farms.

He is a very calloused buyer indeed, who would purchase a farm in a district where the community life is dull, and where schools and churches, physically and spiritually, are in a state of bad repair.

NEW HEALTH FOR TIRED-OUT WOMEN

Found in the Rich, Red Blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually Make.

Anaemia comes on gradually, beginning with langour, indisposition to mental or bodily exertion, irritability and a feeling of fatigue. later comes the palpitation of the heart, headaches, frequent backaches and often disturbed digestion and an inability to obtain rest at night. Cases of this kind, if neglected, become more serious, but if taken in time there is no need to worry. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which are free from any harmful or habit-forming drugs, have the best cure known to remedy this wretched state of health. These pills actually make the rich, red blood that vitalizes and strengthens every organ and nerve in the body, thus restoring health and activity return. the appetite improves and often disturbed digestion and an inability to obtain rest at night. Mrs. Wm. Hatcher, of Hatchet Lake, Sask., says:—"I was in a badly run-down condition. My blood was so impoverished I was very poor and the least exertion left me short of breath and tired me out. In fact I was hardly able to do much work about the house. I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after taking a few boxes can truthfully say I am gained greatly in health and strength and was able to go about my work with a sign of the former weakness. I cheerfully recommend them to all others who feel as I did."

You can get the pills from your druggist, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Time For Expansion In Sheep Industry

Can Be Greatly Developed In Canada Says Expert

In a review of the sheep industry, A. A. MacMillan, chief of the sheep division of the Dominion livestock branch, says the time is opportune to gradually expand the industry in keeping with consumptive demand, provided the marketing of lambs can be organized on the basis of regulated marketing extending over a longer period.

The sheep industry can be developed and the possibilities are unlimited from the range standpoint in the prairies, the foothills and the interior of British Columbia, while in eastern Canada many thousands of farms are carrying one per cent. of the number they should carry, the report states.

Alberta Wool

Over Fifty-seven Thousand Dollars Realized By Sheep Association.

Orders to the value of $57,888.57 have been sent out to members of the Alberta Sheep Breeders' association for wool shipped out and ranging in price from 24 to 33 cents a pound. The wool was shipped to the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers, Toronto, where it was graded under government inspection.

In all infantile complaints that are the result of the depredations of worms in the stomach and intestines Miller's Worm Powders will be found an effective remedy. They attack the cause of these troubles, and by expelling the worms from the organs insure an orderly working of the system, without which the child cannot maintain its strength or thrive. These powders mean health and improvement.

Had No Enemies

Theater attendant (to man who is going out during the performance): "Are you coming back, sir?"

"No."

"May I remind you that your ticket is not transferable and you cannot give it to another person."

"I don't wish to—I have no enemies."

Long Term Payment

Mrs. Higgins had just paid the last instalment on a perambulator.

Shop Assistant—"Thank you, madam. How is the baby getting on now?"

Mrs. Higgins—"Oh, 'e's all right. 'E's gettin' married next week!"

Some motorists drive as if they were anxious to have their accident quickly and have it over with.

Use Minard's Liniment for the Flu.

The average depth of the ocean below sea level is 12,600 feet.

Seems To Be A Success

Experiments With Combine Show Very Little Trouble Experienced in Operation

Latest statistics compiled by the federal department of agriculture, show that more than $12,000,000 have already been invested in the reaper-thresher or "combine" machine by farmers of the prairie provinces. It is also estimated that more than 3,500,000 acres of grain were cut and threshed during 1928 by the new method.

Saskatchewan, the premier grain producing province of the Dominion, leads in the number of combines in use, with a total of 2,356. In Alberta 1,093 machines were in operation, while 206 were introduced in Manitoba.

Exhaustive experiments with the combine have been carried out by the federal department. Data has also been collected from owners scattered throughout the Dominion. From this information it has been established that very little trouble is being experienced in operation of the combines and that grain is kept without loss in grade or milling quality.

Police Are Exonerated

Winnipeg Police Officers Who Engaged in Gun Fight With McGee Are Exonerated

Police officers who participated in the gun battle with with Carl "Gunner" McGee, alias Albert Young, in which McGee killed Dec. 30, were exonerated by a coroner's jury at police headquarters here.

McGee, who shot a druggist to death in a holdup on Portage avenue and after taking a few boxes can truthfully say I am gained greatly in health and strength and was able to go about my work with a sign of the former weakness. I cheerfully recommend them to all others who feel as I did."

You can get the pills from your druggist, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Coroner Sergeant Detective Charles McIver when the officers sought to arrest McGee, who died after several weeks in hospital, limped into court and in dramatic manner described the shooting of McGee, which occurred in front of a downtown rooming house.

The verdict, brought in by the jury after an hour's deliberation, was that of justifiable homicide, and congratulated the police officers on their outstanding bravery. It also recommended establishment of a pension fund for officers disabled in the performance of their duty.

Germany Buys Douglas Fir

Canadian Product Seems to Meet Requirements for Special Purposes

Douglas fir because of its superior quality in clearness and strength, is the lumber principally sought after for a sale in the German market. It is increasingly substituting for pitch pipe, because of the latter's gradual decrease in quality, and at the same time it has to compete against supplies from Washington and Oregon. It appears that for certain requirements for special purposes, being used for interior finishing, decking and deck boards, while plywood and logs are also imported when price is competitive.

Mothers Value this Oil.—Mothers who know how suddenly croup may seize their children and how necessary it is to have at hand a reliable relief, always keep at hand a supply of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Their experience has taught them that this is a most effective preparation for the treatment of this ailment. And they are wise, for its various uses render it a valuable remedy.

Comedian—"Now, I don't suppose you're ever called before th' curtain, hey?"

Tragedian—"Well, I should say. Why nearly every night they dare me to come out."

Galahad had his good points, but only our higher civilization could produce a drug clerk who says, "Thank you" after selling a postage stamp.

CUTICURA HEALS LARGE PIMPLES

Caused Itching Burning, Also Disfigurement.

"My complexion was completely marred by pimples which varied in size. Some were large, hard and scaly, while others were just red and burned. They caused an itching, burning sensation, also disfigurement.

"After using scores of remedies for over two years, with little results, I sent for a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I was so pleased with the results that I purchased more, and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one large box of Cuticura Ointment I was completely healed." (Signed) W. E. Blackburn, 20 Bellevue Ave., Toronto, Ont.

Use Cuticura to clear your skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: "Cuticura Laboratories," Montreal. Cuticura Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

The Architect's Secret

Strange Memorial Has Been Puzzle For Three Hundred Years

In an ancient city of India stands what is often called the most splendidly poetic building of the world. It is the far-famed Taj Mahal, which was built by the Emperor Shah Jehan as a final resting place for his favorite wife, Mumtaz Mahal. One of the princes of India some years ago told the following story concerning it: When the mausoleum was being built the architect was authorized to embody in the structure some memorial to himself. He kept his own counsel and when the edifice was completed it was found that his memorial consisted in this—that whenever it rains from high up in one of the domes three drops of water fall in succession to the floor below. No matter how hard it rains or for how long, three drops and only three descend to bear testimony of the architect's wisdom. For nearly three hundred years men have puzzled in vain to learn by what artifice this result was accomplished, and the secret still lies hidden within the marble masonry of that dome.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

BAKED ORANGE CUSTARD

3 egg yolks
3 egg whites
½ cup sugar
Few grains salt
Grated rind 1 orange
¼ cup orange juice
1¼ cups milk

Beat yolks and white of eggs until light; add sugar, salt, grated orange rind and orange juice. Scald milk in double boiler; pour gradually while stirring constantly, over egg mixture; pour into buttered custard cups, place in pan of hot water and bake in a moderate oven until custard becomes firm. Cool, and serve with whipped cream on top, or with a garnish of candied sections of orange and orange syrup.

THOUSAND ISLAND DRESSING

1 cup mayonnaise
2 hard-cooked eggs
2 tablespoons tomato catsup
2 tablespoons pimento stuffed olives
2 tablespoons chili sauce
2 tablespoons pickled onions

To the mayonnaise add all of the other ingredients finely chopped.

Toes Made Comfortable Sore Corns Removed

Quick, safe relief is almost instantaneous if you apply PUTNAM'S CORN EXTRACTOR. Relief in a pinch or hurt. One single drop of Putnam's stops the pain. A few applications make the corn dry up and drop off. Putnam's Corn Extractor gives satisfaction. Thousands use it every day. Get a bottle from your druggist. Refuse a substitute for "Putnam's" the one sure relief for sore corns.

Not Asking For Advice

But Spanish Beggar Did Not Forget to Be Polite

Jesse L. Lasky, the well known "movie" producer, while travelling in Spain, tells of being accosted with a most polite mendicant.

"In heaven's name, give me alms!" the man cried, using the regular formula of the Spanish professional beggar.

It was not feeling in the best of humors just then, so instead of complying with his request, I said: "Aren't you ashamed to beg — a strong, healthy man like you? Go and seek work."

The beggar showed no resentment at my brusqueness, but merely doffed his tattered hat, bowed profoundly, and remarked in a quiet matter-of-fact tone:

"Señor, I asked you for alms, not advice."

Cattle in Fine Condition

Owing to the light snowfall around High River, Alberta, this year, the cattle and horses on the Prince of Wales' ranch and on other ranches in the vicinity are in excellent winter condition, and it has not yet been necessary to do any feeding, according to W. L. Carlyle, manager of the E. F. Ranch.

Ranching Days Recalled

The memory of ranching days in Alberta is preserved by the placenames, Stavely, De Winton, Cochrane, and Stimson.

Complete in itself, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

Rover's Punishment

Nurse (suspiciously): "What have you been doing, Miss Ellen?"

Ellen: "Rover's eaten my dolly's slippers, so I've just been punishing him."

"How?"

"I've been to his kennel and drinked his milk."

"Dad, what is influence?"

"Influence, my boy, is what you think you have till you try to use it."

Minard's Liniment for the Grippe and Flu.

Headaches may be swiftly and safely relieved by an Aspirin tablet. A most efficient remedy, and there's no after effect; its use avoids much needless suffering. Try it next time; see how soon its soothing influence is felt. Just as helpful when you have a cold; neuralgia, neuritis, rheumatism, lumbago. Just be certain you get real Aspirin—the genuine has Bayer on the box, and on every tablet. All druggists, with proven directions.

Physicians prescribe Aspirin; it does NOT affect the heart

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) indicating Bayer Manufacture. While it is well known that Bayer Manufacture means protection, to assure the public against imitations, the Tablets will be stamped with their "Bayer Cross" trademark.

Farm Machinery Purchases

Farmers Of Southern Alberta Made Heavy Investments Last Year

According to an estimate appearing in "the Lethbridge Herald," some $7,250,000 was spent in Southern Alberta during 1928 for new motor trucks, tractors, combines and other such farm machinery. The classification is as follows: Automobiles and trucks, $3,500,000; Combines, $1,000,000; tractors, $1,250,000, and other machinery, $2,500,000. At harvest time a survey showed there were 553 combines and 2,250 trucks in operation on the Lethbridge railway division.

Experimental Farm System

Canada Has Largest System Of Its Kind In The World

The Canadian Governmental Experimental Farm system now embraces 27 farms, seven sub-stations, one horse-breeding station, one fox ranch, 10 plant pathological laboratories and 201 illustration stations at different points in the nine provinces of the Dominion. The system is the largest of its kind in the world.

German Royalists Celebrate

About 2,000 Royalists in Berlin celebrated the forthcoming 70th birthday of the former kaiser at a gathering in the "Kriegervers Insaune" under the auspices of the "spiritual" organization. A Herr Ruhl ily cheered Prince Eitel Friedrich, second son of the former crown prince, as "heir to the imperial crown."

"You naughty child! Such good soup! I wonder how many children would be glad to get half that."

"I should, for one, mother."

Paring a corn is both risky and ineffective. It is much better to use Holloway's Corn Remover and eradicate them entirely.

He—"Do you enjoy having company?"

She—"Yes, providing they come after dinner."

Fortune From Wig-Making

Business Started in 1725 Is Still Good Paying One

The making of wigs for the British legal fraternity netted the late Ernest Ravenscroft a fortune of $200,000.

The business started in 1726, is now being run by a senior partner, who has emerged from retirement at the age of 83.

It is said that the business was nearly ruined once—because the wigs would not wear out! One Austrian judge had his for 40 years, and his son is still using it.

In the old days the wigs were made of human hair, which was oiled and powdered. Nowadays they are made of horsehair, and do not leave traces of oil and powder on robes. The hair comes from China, Canada and Russia, but English hair, when obtainable, is the best.

The firm finds that young legal men prefer their wigs not to look too new. So black horses' hair is sometimes put into wigs to give them a soiled appearance.

When a new acquaintance says to you—"Say, I've heard of you very often," one cannot but wonder what he has found out.

Minard's Liniment for Coughs and Colds.

There are two kinds of balances in the rotating part of a machine—static and dynamic.

A woman graduate of Glasgow University has become Scotland's first woman minister.

ZIG-ZAG

Cigarette Papers

Large Double Book

120 Leaves

Finest You Can Buy!

AVOID IMITATIONS

NOW 5¢

PATENTS

A List Of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Particulars Free on Request

The RAMSAY Co. Dept. 167 272 BANK ST. OTTAWA, Can.

Don't Let Foods Stale

Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time if you cover them with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper.

Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs.

Appleford Paper Products LIMITED

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Western Representatives:

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Preparing New Calendar For Each Year Requires Six Years Of Co-Operative Effort

A letter pointing out the unnecessary inconvenience caused by the position of Christmas and New Year's day in the calendar of 1930, and giving an illuminating sketch of the intricate systems of calendar making that are undertaken each year, has been received by the editor of "Interdependence" the monthly review of the League of Nations Society in Canada, which has its head quarters at Ottawa, from Moses B. Cotsworth, well known calendar expert and director of the International Fixed Calendar League.

Mr. Cotsworth is the exponent of a fixed calendar of thirteen months of twenty-eight days each to replace the irregular Gregorian calendar now in use and points out that because Christmas 1929 fell on Tuesday in 1929 much time therefore was caused to employers and employed as the majority had to return to work following the week-end on Monday, thus interrupting the holiday and making it impossible for people to visit their friends or relatives at distant points. Under the International Fixed Calendar which is suggested as an efficient alternative to that now in vogue, Mr. Cotsworth points out that Christmas would always fall upon a Monday, so would all other holidays throughout the year, making a long weekend holiday to the benefit of the world at large.

Dealing with the complexity of the work required to make a calendar for each year, Mr. Cotsworth continues: "The fact that the basis for running each calendar requires six years of co-operative work by the best astronomers in five leading nations, should be known to all who would appreciate a new calendar. For example, the first calculations for the year 1933 were begun on August 31, 1927 by one of the scientists in the Greenwich Observatory and the Nautical Almanac Office. They work out for all nations the Sun, Moon and the declination of the Sun, Moon and 24 of the Fixed-Stars at each of the 24 hours, for every one of the year's 365 days.

By August, 1928, these were printed and sent to the directors of the National Observatories in the United States, Germany, France and Spain, to enable each to begin his quota of the great work that was finally shared out, so that no part is duplicated. The United States astronomers work out for all Nations, the Eclipses for the Sun and Moon, and the hourly positions of the planets with their satellites, etc. Germany calculates the hourly positions for 307 of the Fixed Stars below the Celestial Arctic Circle to the Tropic of Cancer. France works out the hourly positions for the Polar Stars within the Arctic Circle, etc. Spain does like work for 65 of the more Southerly Stars, etc.

About one and a half years later these four National Directors having printed their results will send copies to each other and to the Greenwich authorities, who will combine them in the "Nautical Almanac" for 1933 which they will print and issue about the end of 1930. The complete Nautical Almanac will then be sent to the directors of Geodetic Offices. In all Nations, to enable each of them to work out from its data, the title tables showing the daily times and heights of tide for each of the country's ports, ready for issue to the makers of calendars not later than January 1932, so that calendars for 1933 may be ready for issue and distribution during the last months of 1932.

Uncovering Ancient City

Beauties of Herculaneum Being Slowly Restored by Excavators

Excavators are rapidly uncovering the wonders and beauties of ancient Herculaneum.

Thus the missing portions of a frescoed wall are no longer considered as irrevocably lost. No trace of destruction or ruin is left after the discovery of a building, and, as far as possible, no blank spaces are to be found in any mosaic or fresco uncovered. Wooden doors, windows, stairs and furniture are reconstructed or reproduced from the original surviving fragments, generally consisting of charred or carbonized pieces of wood.

Trees, plants and flowering shrubs originally adorning gardens are identified from their surviving roots and replaced by new ones.

Several houses have been uncovered within the last six months, and most of them have been practically rebuilt. The carbonized remains of wooden beds and chests found in these cubicles rendered possible the reconstruction of the original furniture.

A swimming pool faced with marble, a water tank covered by an irongrating, a ladder leading to a slave's bedroom in an attic, shutters meant to keep the glare of the sun from cool marble halls, have all been reconstructed.

Report Is Denied

Rumor of Famine Amongst Indians of Northern Manitoba Is Questioned

Reports that 500 Indians are facing starvation near Nelson House, in northern Manitoba, as a result of competition by white trappers and a shortage of game, are without confirmation, Duncan Campbell Scott, deputy superintendent-general of Indian affairs, has stated.

The department's representatives at Norway House have ample food supplies in the district. This year a closed season on beaver had been declared by the provincial government, but the department was prepared to relieve the situation should a shortage of food arise. A standing arrangement is in effect with the Hudson's Bay company for relief of distress in the far north.

Flu Epidemic In East

Forty Per Cent. Of Population Of Ontario Have Been Affected

Forty per cent. of the population of Ontario were stricken with influenza during the recent epidemic, according to figures issued at the provincial department of health, Toronto, today.

Many districts in the province had 100 per cent. of their population stricken, it was stated, while 80 per cent. of the population of Toronto had suffered from the disease.

"The number of cases is diminishing daily, but the death rate for the number of reported cases is still astounding," Dr. A. J. Bell, deputy minister of health, stated.

Radio Sets In Canada

It is estimated that there are about 350,000 radio sets in use in Canada, the majority of which are in the rural districts, where reception is always better than in the urban areas.

"My razor doesn't cut at all."
"Why Henry, your beard is tougher than the kitchen linoleum."

He—"A penny for your thoughts."
She—"What do you think I am a slot machine?"

Friend—I got a touch of neuralgia, Deadbeat—I wonder if he'd lend me anything!

Experiments Interesting

Materials Tested Under Pressure Lose Their Familiar Properties.

Tremendous pressures has reversed almost completely the familiar properties of some well known substances in experiments at Harvard University.

Paraffin, under pressures ranging between 200,000 to 600,000 pounds a square inch, became as hard that Prof. Percy W. Bridgman pronounced it harder than machine steel. Rubber became so hard that it was pronounced usable as a die to form steel.

Dr. Bridgman found that steel tended to flow, if not like water, at least sufficiently to appear so.

Oil became useless as a lubricant because it turned solid. Mercury, after a pressure of 20,000 atmospheres began to escape, the theory being that its atoms were forced between those comprising the steel chamber in which it was imprisoned.

One of the objectives of the experiments is to test materials used in manufacture of big guns. Another is to study the molecular and atomic changes in various substances.

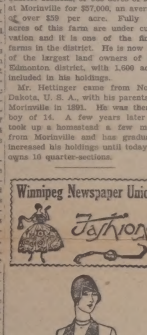
Operates Big Farm

Alberta Farmer Has 1,600 Acres Included In His Holdings

Peter Hettinger, a farmer in the Morinville district, near Edmonton, Alberta, recently purchased another section, or 960 acres of land at Morinville for $37,000, an average of over $39 per acre. Fully 600 acres of this farm are under cultivation and it is one of the finest farms in the district. He is now one of the largest land owners of the Edmonton district, with 1,600 acres included in his holdings.

Mr. Hettinger came from North Dakota, U.S.A., with his family to Morinville in 1891. He was then a boy of 14. A few years later he took up a homestead a few miles from Morinville and has gradually increased his holdings until today he owns 16 quarter-sections.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union
Jefson



982

Odds In Her Favor

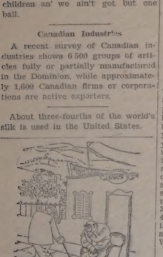
Angry Mother—"You've got a nerve to ask me to give back your ball when you nearly killed one of my children with it."

The Boy—"Well, lady, ye got six children an' we ain't got but one ball.

Canadian Industries

A recent survey of Canadian industries shows 6,500 products of factories fully or partially manufactured in the Dominion, while approximately 1,600 Canadian firms or corporations are active exporters.

About three-fourths of the world's silk is used in the United States.



Delightful Sports Mode

It simulates the two-piece mode with hip yoke inserted between diagonal closing bodice and smartly skirted shirt, and has a short jacket line with shawl collar and sleeve bands cold a tailored finish. Style No. 982 designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure can be made of shantung tweed, patterned wool jersey, crepe satin, novelty crepe, flat silk crepe, crepe Elizabeth, printed and plain sheer velvet and wool crepe. A for 7 means to bust it's finished, and made at a substantial saving. The 36-inch size requires 5¼ yards of 40-inch material with ½ yard of 40-inch contrasting. Price 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin perferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No..... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

W. N. U. 1770

NEW PICTORIAL STAMP ISSUE

Seven new stamps were issued by the post-office department and are on sale to collectors and others desiring special sets. These stamps are issued by the department to replace the old issue which is at present in use. Of the new issue the highest value is the one dolar, which is olive-green in color and depicts Canada's legislative building at Ottawa. The blue 50-cent is pink in color and depicts a harvesting scene. Next in order is the 12-cent gray, on which is shown Quebec bridge. The next three sets issued, the eight, five and three cent stamps, show a portrait of King George, and are dark blue, purple and red, respectively. The issue has been acclaimed by collectors and others as the most beautiful set ever issued by this country and one of the best issues, as far as collections of colorful stamps are concerned, in the world. Each has a large amount of scroll work around the pictures.

SALVATION ARMY TROUBLE

General Bramwell Booth, supreme commander of the Salvation Army, has been asked by the high command of the Army to retire from active leadership because of ill health.

Alberta As a Grain Country

Province Growing Grain Equal to Any On The Continent

W. J. Stephen, Alberta Field Crop Commissioner, who attended the Chicago International Livestock and Grain Show, where he was in charge of the provincial exhibits, states that a very favorable impression was made by the exhibits from this province, which upheld and enhanced its reputation as a grain country. He points out that Alberta won more premium money at Chicago than any State in the Union, and more than all the other provinces in Canada combined. Of the 38 entries 32 secured prizes and the concensus of opinion by those attending the show was that Alberta is growing grain equal to any on the continent.

Airplane Service In Canada

No Other Country Puts It To More Varied Use

Flying has now become a recognized part of practically every conservation, development, and engineering service in Canada. The agents of Canadian airplane and aircraft range from observing for the seeling fleets off the Atlantic coast and forest dueling in Cape Breton island to forest fire protection and fishery patrols on the Pacific coast; from air surveys to the Poles Island, the southernmost point of Canada, to the observation of ice conditions throughout the winter in Hudson strait and transportation in the Yukon. Nowhere in the world has the aeroplane been put to more practical and varied use.

A Successful Immigrant

Man From Sweden Does Well With Farming Operations In Saskatchewan

Another instance of a successful immigrant building up on an ambitious scale of farming is that of Andrew Anderson of Alsask, Sask. who came from Sweden in 1910; began farming a homestead of 160 acres and now farms 4,500 acres which, in 1928, yielded 54,000 bushels of fine grain crops. But the farm is something of a show place as well containing, among other things, an arboretum and an artificial lake.

Yukon's Mineral Wealth

Since the days of the Klondike the mineralized areas of the Yukon have been carefully studied by the Dominion Department of Mines. Special reports have been published on the geology and mineral resources of the Klondike, Upper White River Wheaton, Whitehorse, Mayo, and other districts, and intensive studies have been made of the placer and lode deposits of these localities.

Indicates Faith In Canada

Many Miner-Harvesters Will Return to West This Year Is Report

The semi-official announcement made in Regina that many of the British miner-harvesters who came to western Canada last year and later returned home will again make the trip this year, and early next winter in order to assist in spring work on the farms as well as remain for the harvest, suggests a hopeful development. The British miner-harvester experiment of last year was not a failure, although it was not the success many had hoped it would be. But it did succeed to the extent that the overwhelming majority of the men took extra employment throughout the harvest and to the extent also that a fair proportion of them are still here and intend to remain permanently. The report that many of those who went back intend to come again indicates their satisfaction with conditions as they found them and a faith in this country which will be appreciated on this side.

The contemplated movement is born in part of the serious unemployment situation which continues in the old country and in this particularly acute in the mining districts. But there are reasons for supposing that the unemployment situation is not going to be permanent. Britain seems to be gradually entering upon an electric era which promises to provide plenty work for many thousands of the unemployed, but which will also mark the beginning of the last and greatest stage of the vast scheme for the electrification of the country which was approved by the British House of Commons two years ago. Not only will this project tend to provide a good deal of employment in its carrying out but in the course of operation, but it also promises to have a favorable bearing upon the cost of living.—Regina Daily Post.

Some "Freak Geography"

America Once Listed Officially As Being in East Greenwich, England

The question as to whether Carlisle in the north of Scotland is frequently asked. The geography books say that it's in England, but the London, Midland and Scottish Railway recently announced that for railway purposes, Carlisle is in Scotland.

Some places on the border were continually changing ownership at one period, Berwick-upon-Tweed being at one time counted as Scotch and at another English; sometimes as Scottish. At last it was declared "neutral" and for over 300 years it was officially neither in Scotland nor England. Finally, however, it became part of Northumberland in 1885.

But perhaps the strangest case of "freak geography" is that of America. There were only a few British, and they are now very old, a British colony; grants to colonists were made in the following form: "To have and to hold of the King's Majesty and his heirs and successors, of East Greenwich, within the county of Kent." So officially America was in East Greenwich.

Old Tree Not Very Large

Taken From South Africa to London and Believed 1,000 Years Old.

In the Botanic Gardens, Regent's Park, London, is a remarkable tree presented to the Royal Botanic Society. More than 1,600 years old, it is not, however, a native of Great Britain, having been imported from South Africa a few years ago. Nor is it a very big. At its widest point the trunk is only 15 inches in girth, and the tree is barely 10 feet high, yet it is known by the formidable name of Encephalartos Altensteinii.

How can its age be told? This is done by counting the number of leaf scars which cover the trunk with the number of fronds produced each year.

Sodium Sulphate Deposits

The investigation of the natural sodium sulphate deposits in Western Canada by the Department of Mines has proved tonnage of hydrous sodium and magnesium sulphate in excess of 100,000,000 tons. There are many other deposits in the Prairie Provinces, which could produce sodium sulphate, but while the markets are limited and the price low at present those close to railways can be considered as producers at present.

A Good Definition

An old darky had been in trouble for stealing chickens and was convicted on circumstantial evidence; he said.

"What is circumstantial evidence, Sam?"

"Well," he said, "as near as I kin 'splain it, fum de way it has been 'splained to me, circumstantial evidence is de feathers dat you findy lyin' around after you has done wid de chicken."

"My name is Ferguson MacDonald, I'm Scotch," says Ferguson MacDonald, thus setting at rest all rumors, if any, to the effect that he is an Egyptian.

The saxophone as the only instrument that sounds as well while you are learning to play as it does afterwards.

The Dominion Fuel Board Issues Progress Report Dealing With Present Fuel Situation

Canadian Fishing Industry

Revenue From Industry In 1928 Estimated At $34,000,000

With the completion of final returns the total value of the Canadian fishing industry for 1928 will be about $34,000,000.

The salmon pack of the Pacific coast was about 2,000,000 cases and the value over $14,000,000. This pack was the largest for five years, the increase over 1927 being 750,000 cases. The halibut fisheries on the Pacific coast landings totalled 30,000,000 pounds, an increase of more than 2,000,000 pounds over 1927. The value of this fishery exceeded $3,000,000.

On the Atlantic coast, while the fisheries in about $52,000,000 and about 85,000 persons are employed in the catching and processing of the product. The annual value of the catch, it will therefore be seen, is greater than the total investment.

Invents Unique Device

Egg-Turning Tray Is Idea Of Duchess Of Montrose

That duchesses can be good workmen as well as ladies of title has been demonstrated by the Duchess of Montrose, who has invented a device for keeping eggs in perfect condition, either for hatching or for consumption. She calls it the Pirodicic egg-turning tray and it is being enthusiastically endorsed by leading agriculturists in Great Britain.

Eggs will keep fresh and fertile for a long period if they are turned half over every 12 hours but to turn a large number of eggs individually twice in 24 hours is a lengthy task, and one that may take care of the operation in about a second.

The tray is about four feet long and 18 inches wide and divided crosswise by strips of wood into 17 spaces, each holding six eggs placed end to end, that is 102 eggs in all.

The eggs rest on a length of cotton three inches longer than the bottom of the tray and affixed to a roller at either end. The overlapping three inches is wound round one of the rollers and when it is necessary to turn the eggs all that is necessary is to turn the opposite roller downward so that the extra three inches of canvas is rolled about it. The eggs turn simultaneously just the required distance.

Has Horrible Name

But New Acid Is Considered Useful By Chemists

Xylotrihydroxyglutaric acid! Sounds horrible, but it's not nearly as bad as it sounds and you may be drinking it soon. In fact, Dr. Warren E. Emley of the Bureau of Standards told the American Chemical society recently that it makes good lemonade. Xylose, its drug element, is wood sugar which is found in corn, peanut shells and cottonseed bran.

It has a sweet taste and no food value, and in addition to its possibilities as lemonade, chemists think it can be utilized as an industrial substitute for glucose and as a food for diabetes sufferers.

Kellogg Not Discouraged

Another attempt to expedite the negotiation of an arbitration treaty with Great Britain will be made before March 4, Secretary of State Kellogg says. Kellogg forwarded a draft of the proposed treaty to London 13 months ago but no move has been made by the British either to accept or reject the treaty.

Fish Culture in Canada

Fish culture, strictly as a Dominion government service is as old as confederation, as in that year—1867—the department of marine and fisheries assisted the late Samuel Wilmot in collecting and hatching eggs of the salmon which were at one time abundant in lake Ontario.

To Enforce Prohibition

The United States senate has acted upon a proposal by Senator Harris of Georgia to give the president $24,000,000 to be used under his personal direction to enforce the prohibition laws. The house still must act. The vote was 50 to 27.

Treatment Not So Good

Bachelor—"Does your wife treat you same as she did before you were married?"

Married Man—"Not exactly. Before we were married, when I displeased her she refused to speak!"

King Mibai of Rumania, ruler over 18,000,000 subjects, recently celebrated his seventh birthday.

The Dominion Fuel Board has issued a progress report covering the activities of the Board and the changes that the fuel situation in Canada has undergone since publication of the Board's interim report in 1923. The report contrasts conditions of five years ago, when the main fuel problem was one of supply, with those of today, and states that there is now an abundance of both native and foreign fuels for all purposes and that the major problem now is one of markets for Canadian coals.

At the time of the Board's inception a question of primary importance was to replace foreign anthracite in Central Canada by suitable alternative fuels. There had also arisen a strong national desire for a maximum of Canadian fuel independence instead of reliance on the United States for 50 per cent of the coal used. A number of broad investigations have contributed materially to the solution of the problem of an adequate supply of fuel and in part, at least, to the solution of the other problems of national independence. Ontario and Quebec, though still using large quantities of American anthracite, are no longer entirely dependent on this fuel, the producers of which are fighting here as in their own country to retain a declining market. Coke, British anthracite, low volatile coals and fuel oil are strong competitors with American anthracite in the household fuel field and in the areas of Alberta and Maritime coals is being extended through special processes. The coal is manufactured, however, that the problem of Canada's complete fuel independence is largely solved. There is a complete handicap consequent on the location of our largest markets far from our great producing fields, but in close proximity to the coal of the United States, is one difficult to overcome.

The Board points out that it cannot assume the responsibility for solution of a national fuel policy, for this is a prerogative of Government, but very much policy, so far as it concerns complete fuel independence, must be determined largely by questions of national expediency, based however on adequate and complete and accurate knowledge of all technical and economic facts obtainable. The Board has endeavoring to secure and correlate those facts. The most important point still to be ascertained is the cost of transporting coal to Ontario and Quebec from Alberta and the Maritime provinces and the determination of this by actual test has been assigned by the Government to the Board of Railway Commissioners.

The report summarizes the results of the broad investigations on fuel utilization conducted by the Board through its members and in some cases with the assistance of eminent outside engineers. It is shown that technical research in opening up many possibilities for more efficient and diversified use of fuel. In the matter of low temperature carbonization of bituminous coals, the report points out the difficulty of applying in Canada methods now in operation in countries like Great Britain, France and Germany where the density of population provides a near and ready market for the products. The Board, however, is keeping in close touch with the development of the different processes so that advantages may be taken of them should they prove applicable to Canadian conditions.

The report closes with the statement that the necessity for the study of fuels and fuel problems will probably continue as long as coal is mined. A new fuel research laboratory now being completed for the Department of Mines is exceptionally well equipped, and through association with the Department the Fuel Board will avail itself of these improved facilities.

Gypsum in Nova Scotia

Gypsum was mined in Nova Scotia as early as 1826, but it is in recent years that the industry has had its most remarkable expansion. The present output of over 800,000 tons annually is more than three times that of all the rest of Canada.

"Where I spent Christmas last year the thermometer dropped to zero."

"That's nothing."

"What's nothing?"

"Why, zero."

"I am so unhappy. My husband suffers from blepharosmia!"

"I'm so sorry. Does he suffer much pain?"—Vikings, Oslo.

FLU-GRIP
Check before it starts.
Rub on—inhale vapors
VICKS
VAPORUB
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Turkish assembly ratified the pact for renunciation of war and the government instructed its ambassador at Washington to sign the pact.

The Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, pastor of Central Congregational church, Brooklyn, says he has been invited to deliver the sermon at the opening of the League of Nations conference at Geneva on Aug. 28.

Premier Stanley Baldwin announced in the House of Commons examination will be held into the 60-year-old project for a tunnel under that a comprehensive non-party re- the English Channel.

Several persons were killed and a thousand buildings destroyed in the populous Greek district of Tavala in Constantinople by a terrific fire whipped by a strong wind which laid waste an extensive area.

Japan has notified the League of Nations that manufacture and distribution of narcotics in Korea had been taken out of the hands of private companies and made a government monopoly.

Every effort will be made to secure for Canada the winter sports of the Olympic games in 1932, it was decided at a meeting in Toronto of the executive committee of the Canadian Olympic committee.

The Victory scholarship of the Royal Institute for the British Architect has been won by a woman for the first time. Miss Betty Scott of Kensington, England, 22 years old. defeated 36 male competitors, most of whom were men.

McGill university library has come into possession of two extremely valuable Arabic manuscripts. The larger of the two dates back to the 12th or early 13th century, while the other volume is a lectionary dating from the 13th century.

Col. Robert Johnson is home with his mother and sister in Chicago after having wandered all over the country, a victim of shell shock and loss of memory since the World war. Johnson's kin had given him up for dead.

Krupps Produce New Metal

Cuts Through Steel and Cast Iron With Incredible Speed

A new metal produced by Krupps is said to cut through steel at the rate of 250 feet a minute, almost twice the speed possible now with steel cutting contrivances. It cuts through cast iron at 600 feet a second, more than four times the speed possible with the finest high-speed steels.

Next to the diamond, the new metal or alloy is the hardest thing known. It cuts glass or porcelain as a steel knife cuts wood, but a keener edge than steel and holds it longer. The Krupps have christened it widia, a contraction of "wie diamant"—like a diamond.

Though the materials from which it is made are comparatively cheap —it is an alloy of tungsten, carbon and cobalt—it is sold at $500 a pound, more than double the value of gold, because of the manufacture is expensive, but the main reason the price of widia is so high is that the Krupp Steel Works holds a monopoly on its product.

Roofs Made Beautiful

A roof was once something to keep out the rain. Now with the growth of air travel it is becoming something to gaze upon with a sense of the beautiful and architects are paying attention to this new development in their art. The proof of the roof is going to be in the viewing.

Germany's New Street Car

Capable of carrying 117 passengers and of attaining a speed of 62 miles an hour, a new single-deck street car is being tested in Dresden, Germany. It is so long that the conductor has to announce the stopping places by megaphone.

Going Upstairs Had to Sit Down Breath So Short

Mrs. H. Brotherson, Magog, Que., writes: "For many years I suffered with shortness of breath; then four years ago I had palpitation of the heart, and was so bad I had to sit down two or three times when going upstairs. I read about ...

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

so I got a box, and in no time I felt better, so I took three boxes more and I have never had shortness of breath since."

Price 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Receives First Royalty For Skyscraper Idea

Inventor of Principle Wins Recognition After Fifty Years

The Minneapolis Journal in a copyrighted story says that nearly 50 years after he had envisioned the principle which makes the skyscraper possible, Leroy S. Buffington, engineer, architect and inventor of the building which has made millions for other men, will receive the first recognition of his invention and his first royalties on a building constructed after his ideas.

"From the grandson of a man with whom he used to be friends," the Journal story says, "the architect, now more than 81 years old, will receive the first royalties ever paid him on a skyscraper from a building now being erected in Minneapolis, where he has made his home for nearly 60 years.

Mrs. Buffington, who is erecting the new building, will pay Mr. Buffington the half of one per cent. royalty on steel construction buildings asked by the architect in suits instituted more than 30 years ago. The estimated cost of the building is $1,000,000. And will pay him a fraction $2,000, the first recognition the architect ever has received that he was responsible for the idea which has erected towering buildings all over the world.

"Forty-eight years ago Buffington was mocked at and derided, called 'crank' and 'dreamer' for his 'cloud scrapers'." Then he was forgotten.

The principle invented by Mr. Buffington was a steel shelf at each floor to hold the masonry veneer. This was first conceived by Buffington in 1880.

Win Many Prizes

Manitoba Butter Makers Score Heavily in Dominion Competition

Manitoba butter makers won 55 per cent. of the first prizes and 46 per cent. of all the prizes offered in th Dominion during 1928, L. A. Gilson, secretary-manager of the Dairy Manufacturers' association of Manitoba, told the delegates at the annual convention of the Manitoba Butter Makers' association.

With only 58 creameries in Manitoba, compared to more than 200 in other provinces, this record was almost phenomenal, he stated.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Jathson

221

Baby's New Ensemble

Give the darling new babe a right start to good health and happiness by dressing her in correct garments for him, and he will repay you with his smiles and coos. Style No. 221 consists of a dress with bishop sleeves, gertrude petticoat, with or without gathered ruffle, nightgown, kimona that is perforated for short or long sleeves, bib to complete layette, a band, knitted shirt and diapers should be included. Nainsook, batiste, soft lawn, muslin or cotton crepe is appropriate for all the little garments except the kimono or sack, which is usually made of cotton crepe de chine, flannel or fine broadcloth. A touch of embroidery gives a French appearance. Pattern for layette in one size only and costs 2c cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully. Emb. No. 11127 (blue) costs 25 cents extra.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

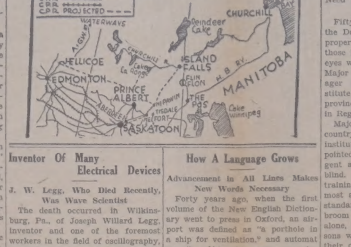
Pattern No..... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

Spending around corners is a straight road to the hospital.

PROJECTED BRANCH LINES



Inventor Of Many Electrical Devices

J. W. Legg, Who Died Recently, Was Wave Scientist

The death occurred in Wilkinsburg, Pa., of Joseph Willard Legg, inventor and one of the foremost workers in the field of oscillography, or wave phenomena. He was 41 years old. A member of the meter engineering staff of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company, Mr. Legg developed many electrical devices, his greatest invention being the "oslso," a small, portable device used widely and frequently in many branches of study. The instrument is now being used in St. Louis in experiments to help deaf persons to speak by making visual records of their voice wave.

One has been taken by Commander Richard E. Byrd on his Antarctic expedition, where it will be used in the study of radio "dead spots" and the effect of radio waves. Its other uses include measurement of nerve responses, measuring intelligence, for the study of musical vibrations, for locating oil wells, measuring ship and train vibrations and, one of its most important, forms the use as an electric cardiograph to make a complete permanent record of the action of the heart.

"Flu" Is Here In Dead Earnest

SICKNESS IN NEARLY EVERY HOME IN WESTERN CANADA

Watch your little cold—beware of everyone who is coughing or sneezing—avoid crowded places, above all stop your grippy cold at the beginning.

Doctors and nurses who have had long experience in handling grippe cases advocate **Catarrhozone Vapor** as an effective means of protection.

It is very simple to use Catarrhozone, and the whole family can enjoy its protection from infection at the cost of a few cents.

Put a teaspoonful of liquid Catarrhozone in a pint of water. Place this in a stove or lamp and bring the water to a boil. The vapor which rises contains the most powerful disinfectant. Any one breathe this healing vapor, you kill the germs that cause colds, sore throats, flu and grippe. Splendid for children,—equally good for the grown-up. Far better to protect the whole family in this way than to have a houseful of sickness. Two druggists sell Catarrhozone in 50c. bottles.

Two New Canadian Cruisers

Canada to Send Technical Representative to England During Construction

Engineer Commander G. P. Clark, R. C. N. will leave for England within the next six weeks to be present as Canadian technical representative during the construction of the two new Canadian destroyers at Southampton by Thornycrofts Limited. Commander Clark will be attached to the high commissioner's office in London and will remain for the two years which it will take to complete the vessels.

It Pays to Advertise

If, without any prejudice and with an absolutely impartial mind we consider the progress of the great commercial firms, we shall see that those which have made the most progress, which have achieved the greatest success and reached the front rank, are those which have advertised, and firms which have not advertised or have only done so to a trifling extent, are marking time and are forced to remain in the second rank.

Revenue From Poultry

In 1913 revenue from the poultry industry in Alberta amounted to $2,250,000. In 1927, 14 years later, revenue from this source was $10,- 083,000, according to the poultry commissioner for Alberta.

Most men who go to court don't go to get justice, but to get even.

How A Language Grows

Advancement in All Lines Makes New Words Necessary

Forty years ago, when the first volume of the New English Dictionary went to press in Oxford, an airport was defined as "a porthole in a ship for ventilation," and automaton was "a self-taught person, an autodidact," and an airship was "one propelled by an engine . . . actuated by the elastic force of heated air." The English language in half a lifetime, has already outgrown its first dictionary, and already lexicographers are at work upon a supplement to the letter A.

"Aerial" was an adjective 40 years ago; radio had not converted it into a noun. The word "automobile" did not exist, and a whole flock of words dealing with acronautics were still uninvented. Fire and New Mexico had not combined to give the word "apache" its new position in the world of criminology, and psychology had not begun to talk of "apperceptions," of "autohypnosis" or of "autosuggestion"; alpha rays were unknown, Benedict was a mere star effective denoting glandular"; the electricians had not coined the word "positron." Even an electric battery was defined as an adjective meaning "opposed to the theory of . . . the existence of an element of pure fire."

Form Strange Society

Wives Of Gamblers In Budapest Have Organized Union

A strange society has just been formed in Budapest. The wives of gamblers have banded themselves into an anonymous union, with the object of preventing the tragedies resulting from their husbands' cards. The members of the union propose to visit members of parliament and ministers and urge the introduction conditions brought about by the gambling clubs, and eventually to make an appeal to the minister of the interior.

The organizer of this union is the destitute widow of a gambler, who committed suicide in the Danube after committing forgery to pay his gambling debts.

During her husband's lifetime she formed the habit of waiting for him in the vestibule of the card club in the small hours of the morning, and there she became friendly with members of women who waited, trembling, at the thought of the losses which their husbands were daily daring to risk when they came from the card rooms.

Not True To Form

Story Proves Goose Should Be Credited with Using Brains

"I once heard a story of a goose which is another illustration of the falsity of the saying that sages and geese are devoid of sense," writes a correspondent of "The Outline."

"On washing days, the goose would get a bucket in which she attended him the average tip he received and was told: "One dollar, sah." when Mr. Schwab was about to leave he handed the man that amount, whereupon the porter was prompted by his grateful, "Thank you, sah, thank you!" and with a low bow. "You are the only gentleman what ever comes up to the range."

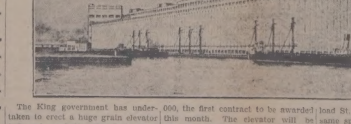
Edmonton Telephone System

As showing the growth of business in Edmonton, "The Journal" points out that whereas 24 years ago some 600 citizens of the then town of Edmonton voted $27,000 with which to purchase of the Edmonton district telephone system (for the use of 280 subscribers), the system has since grown to represent a capital investment of $2,000,000, with subscribers numbering 15,000.

Production of Lead and Zinc

The total production of lead and zinc for Canada in 1928 is estimated at 168,195 short tons of lead and 91,- 912 short tons of zinc.

MOUNTAIN GRAIN ELEVATOR



The King government has undertaken to erect a huge grain elevator two and one-half miles from Freshcott. This structure will cost $4,000,- 000, the first contract to be awarded this month. The elevator will be able to unload up-lake vessels at the rate of 1,000,000 bushels daily and load St. Lawrence river boats at the same speed. In times of congestion railway cars can be loaded on four tracks at the same time.

Training For The Blind

Need For More Varied Occupation Says Major Timmins

Fifty per cent. of the blindness in the Dominion could be prevented if proper measures were taken by those liable to suffer injury to their eyes while at work or play declared Major A. N. Timmins, general manager of the Canadian National Institute of the Blind at a meeting of provincial field officials at the offices in Regina.

Major Timmins is touring the country to observe the work of the institute and in his short talk pointed out the need of an intelligent and intensive training for the blind. He declared that with such training the blind could work at almost any occupation besides the standard basketwork, reed work and broom making. In Saskatchewan alone, he said, some 150 blind persons would thus be enabled to earn their own living and not be a burden on society.

He said that over $100,000 worth of goods made by the blind had been sold in this province in 1928 by the sales department through women's organizations. Of this sum the broom sales amounted to $25,000. The total sales for the Dominion and Newfoundland totalled one million dollars.

Will Be Working Soon

Rural Credits Boards To Be Organized In Provinces

Now that the federal rural credits act has been completed, the task of organizing the provincial boards and of putting the Federal Rural Credits Act into operation will be proceeded with vigorously and it is regarded here as certain that the new loaning organization will be functioning before the spring break up.

The most important job now is to get the provincial boards organized. Six provinces are under the act, and, therefore, six separate boards are required. The system to be followed in the six provincial departments will submit a list of names of suitable men to the Federal board and from this list the board will choose. It is understood that Hon. J. A. Robb, minister of finance, has written to the provinces urging early action. When all the boards are in existence, a proclamation will be issued bringing the new system into operation and Mr. Robb will then give the federal board $5,000,- 000 free of interest to be used in loans to farmers. This will be the method of revolving fund since the mortgages taken in exchange for this money will be discounted and the money so obtained used to continue the business of loaning.

Will Treat Prisoners Better

To Abandon The Whip And Instruments Of Torture On Mexican Convicts

The whip and like instruments of punishment are to be abandoned on the Mexican "Devil's Island" and trade schools and co-operative work shops are to be established for the benefit of the prisoners.

The colony occupies the largest of a group of coral islands off the southwestern coast of Mexico, known as Las Tres Marias. Only recently did the worst type be sent there and the establishment long ago earned for itself the title, Mexican Devil's Island.

Hit the Average

Mr. Charles Schwab asked a colored porter who had often attended him the average tip he received and was told: "One dollar, sah." "Here, Mr. Schwab was about to leave he handed the man that amount, whereupon the porter was prompted by his grateful, "Thank you, sah, thank you!" and with a low bow. "You are the only gentleman what ever comes up to the range."

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

FEBRUARY 3

THE HOLY SCRIPTURES

Golden Text: Open thou mine eyes, that I may behold wondrous things out of thy law. Psalm 119.18.

Lesson: Deuteronomy 6.4-9; Joshua 1.8, 9; 2 Kings 22.8-20; Nehemiah 8.1-8; Psalm 19.7-14; Luke 24.25-32; Acts 17.10-12; 2 Timothy 3.14-17.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 119 160-112.

Explanations and Comments

The Value of The Scriptures. Psalm 19.7-14. "The law of Jehovah, the testimony of Jehovah, the precepts of Jehovah, the commandments of Jehovah, the ordinances of Jehovah —all of these expressions are terms for the Scriptures of the Old Testament, especially for the Sacred Law which they contain. "The Christian Church has legitimately extended the words to the larger body of Scripture which forms the Bible." This, the Psalmist declares, is perfect, restoring the soul; sure, making wise the simple; right, rejoicing the heart; pure, enlightening the eyes—"inspiring refreshment and vigor to the soul, giving new life and hope; dying to the gladed, a new light to eyes are heavy and dull, health brightens them"; true, and righteous altogether."

The fear of Jehovah is clean, enduring for ever. "When we consider the five terms, each clearly significant of the Scriptures, the Psalmist introduces the abstract expression 'the fear of the Lord,' he must mean the awe, like obedience, he discerns as an inspiration of the Book whose praise is the burden of his song" (George Adam Smith).

More to be desired are they than gold, yea, than much fine gold.

"The Word like a deep, deep mine, Jewel and gem on every line, Are hidden in its mighty depths For every searcher there."

Then with heart aglow, the Psalmist cries, "More to be desired are they than honey, and the droppings of the honeycomb"—the purest of the honey. "Moreover by them is my servant warned; in the keeping there is great reward."

Only we would obey the leadings of Christ, as the planets of the sun, our lives would be full of light and health and liberty. We should be restored to perfect health; our strength would be made new, our hearts would be gladdened; our eyes would be enlightened; our poverty enriched and our dispositions sweetened" (F. B. Meyer.

Some One Must Work

Lord Birkenhead's Prediction Must Be Taken With Reservations

Lord Birkenhead predicts that 100 years from now nobody will need to work more than two hours a day. Then we will all be able to stay in our homes and see and hear events all over the world. He makes other such predictions.

If there should come a time when nobody "need" work more than two hours a day, experience suggests that two men out of every three will not have to work at all, while the third man will have to work six hours a day. That has been the trend so far. As machinery has taken on its advances, forever produce new work that needs doing? Nor is the end of the race a state of idleness.

If the time arrives when we sit in our homes and see and hear events all over the world, everybody must not so sit or there will be little for them to see and hear. But the knowledge that anyone may have this world wide world as an audience may inspire the ambitious to the highest effort. It may furnish the necessary proof, so that people shall not all sit in their modern looking and listening.—Toronto Daily Star.

Separate Ministry Of Fisheries

Delegation Waits on Members of Dominion Cabinet and Urges Change

Creation of a separate ministry of fisheries was urged upon members of the Dominion cabinet by a delegation representing the Canadian Fisheries' association. The delegation declared itself in opposition to the proposed abolition of the bounty, on the grounds that this was a recognized method of catching fish.

Hon. P. J. Cardin, minister of marine and fisheries, told the delegation that he personally would have no objection to the creation of a separate ministry of fisheries if the government saw fit to carry out his proposal.

Of the trawler proposal, Mr. Cardin asked the delegation to clarify its position, adding that the question was a very live one which might have to be faced at the forthcoming session of Parliament.

Contains Largest Stones

In the ruins of the famous temple of the sun god, built by the Roman emperor, Antonius Pius, at Baalbek, in Syria, are the largest stones ever used. Some of the great stone blocks are more than 60 feet long and nearly 20 feet square. The ruins can still be seen a few miles east of the modern city of Beirut.

Early Farm Animals Census

The number of animals in Canada in 1700 was shown as 12,500 oxen, 14,732 young cattle, 22,768 cows, 28,022 sheep, and 28,562 swine. Governor Cadeton in his report on manufactures mentions the wool industry as one of the most important.

Are *you* Ready

When *your* Children Cry for It

Baby has more upsets at times. All your care cannot prevent them. But you can be prepared. Then you can do what any experienced nurse would do—what most physicians would tell you to do—give a few drops of plain Castoria. No sooner done than baby is soothed; relief is just a matter of moments. Yet you have cared your child without use of a single doubtful drug; Castoria is vegetable. So it's safe to use as often as an infant has any little pain you cannot put away. And it's always ready for the cruelest pangs of colic or constipation, or diarrhea, effective, too, for older children. Twenty-five million bottles were bought last year.

Fletcher's CASTORIA

Looking Towards The North

Railway Company Catches the Vision of Tremendous Possibilities

With all the zeal of the convert the Canadian Pacific railway has apparently at last become "northminded." For years the great company has confined its activities to the southern and central parts of the three provinces. Driven originally to the latter course of circumstances which are sufficiently well known, it took the position that what was in the first place a political necessity, was in fact a matter of choice and that the northern areas were not worth bothering about. The last 12 months, however, have seen a tremendous change come over the spirit of the company's dream. The reports in person took one look at the Peace river district and promptly offered $5,- 000,000 more for the Alberta government railway than had been offered previously. Following this, Consolidated Smelters, largely controlled by the Canadian Pacific railway, optioned remote properties in northern Saskatchewan and now has come the official announcement of a progressive policy of northern expansion, to an extent which would, one fancies, cause some of the early directors to turn in their graves.

Whatever else may be said about the program, which, it is announced, is to be submitted to parliament, it certainly does not lack vision.—Saskatoon Star-Phoenix.

Plans Flight to China

Maj. Tien Lat Huang, 27-year-old Chinese aviator and author, announced recently that he planned to return to his native country by flying across the Pacific from one of the California air fields. The proposed flight, he said, would not be in competition with any. Mid-Pacific hops would be made at Hawaii and the Midway islands. He said the total distance would be about 9,000 miles.

Sounded Good To Him

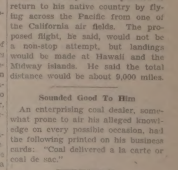
An enterprising coal dealer, somewhat prone to air his alleged knowledge on every possible occasion, had the following printed on his business cards: "Coal delivered a la carte or coal de sac."

Classical Music

"Can you distinguish classical music?" asked Mrs. Newrich. "I think so," replied her husband, after a piece threatens every minute to be a tune and always disappoints you, it's classical."

Coal merchant (to job applicant)—"You'll have to do the weighing. Do you know how to run the scales?"

Applicant—"Sure! I took music lessons once!"



"I am afraid you will have insomnia."

"What makes you think that, doctor?"

"Here is my bill!"—Pele Mele, Paris.

Western Trade Boards May Ask Freight Rates Revision For Prairies

Moose Jaw.—When the Boards of Trade of Western Canada meet in annual session in the near future. It is learned here that a proposal will be brought forward which may finally result in the freight rate structure of the prairies being entirely revised.

The proposal, which it is understood on good authority, is to be presented for discussion, is the application to all forms of manufacturing articles of the "milling in transit" principle that at the present time applies only to grain and flour.

Under present day arrangements, flour milling concerns may buy a car of grain, pay the local rate, stop it in transit of original shipment, grind it into flour and ship the flour to any section of the country under a "through" rate, securing thereby credit for the local freight payment.

It is now suggested that the western boards of trade should give consideration to making an application to the board of railway commissioners for the application of this principle to other manufacturing products. It is argued, according to the authority now quoted, that coal, for instance, could be shipped from the Crow's Nest to coke ovens situated in Moose Jaw, Regina, Winnipeg and other points, the raw product being turned into commercial coke and moved to the point of ultimate consumption on the "milling in transit" rate.

Similarity, it is argued, this rate could be made to apply to all grain products, and the entire British Columbia forest into rolled goods, cattle bought into the packing houses and even fruit from the Okanagan.

Exhibition May Be Re-Established

Winnipeg Ratepayers Will Vote On Question in March

Winnipeg.—An exhibition which the promoters hope will take a prominent place among the exhibitions of the Dominion is being planned at Winnipeg, according to Wesley McCurdy, director, speaking to western exhibition authorities meeting here yesterday.

Winnipeg ratepayers will vote March 15 upon the question as to whether or not they wish to authorize expenditure of $850,000 for the re-establishment of the city's exhibition.

King's Condition Improves

London.—Continued improvement in the health of the King today led the court officials to begin planning the regular levees and other functions of the season. The first levee at which the Prince of Wales will preside, will be held at St. James palace on Feb. 26. The King's physicians believe it known that his most spend no more winters in England, and that he must seek a warmer climate for several months each year.

Left Large Estate

Victoria, B. C.—Application of probate has been made of the will of the late Hon. W. C. Nichol, former lieutenant-governor of British Columbia, who died several weeks ago. The estate will probably be valued at approximately $2,500,000, consisting of real estate and securities. The estate is to be divided equally between members of the family and the residue passes to heirs of the children.

Booher Found Guilty

Edmonton.—Vernon Booher will hang on April 24, 1929. After a deliberation of five hours and eight minutes, the jury found the accused youth guilty of the murder of his mother, brother and their two hired men on July 6, 1928, at Mundare. Mr. Justice Walsh immediately sentenced the slayer to be hanged.

May Hold Thanksgiving Service

London.—With King George continuing his slow but satisfactory progress, there is talk of the probability of a national thanksgiving service at St. Paul's Cathedral. Such services were held twice during the reign of Edward VII., but no such service has been arranged yet officially for h's son's recovery.

Ban War Studies

The school board of the Borough of Wigan has placed a ban on all studies relating to the army, navy or air force. This action was taken "to create a peace mentality among school children and to accelerate the establishment of international peace."

Root Crops Show Increase

Ottawa.—Root and fodder crops for 1928 totalled by the bureau of statistics showed not only considerable increase over the previous year's production but a considerable advance in acreage under cultivation, according to figures given out.

Sacrifices Life To Save Companion

Montreal Woman Insists on Firemen Being First

Montreal, Que.—Trapped in a top floor apartment, which she occupied with Miss Harriet Barr, a close friend, Mrs. G. Ralph Widow of Col. W. N. Raige of London, England, sacrificed her life to save that of her companion in a fire which destroyed the Bronte apartment building, a four-story building here. When the firemen forced their way into the apartment they found a ladder, while the fire was sweeping the lower floors, they found Mrs. Raige near the window and started to carry her to safety, but she insisted that they first save Miss Barr, who was already overcome by smoke. The firemen carried Miss Barr down the ladder and returned to the top floor to find it a seething mass of smoke and flames. Their efforts to rescue Mrs. Raige were in vain and it was not until four hours later that they were able to make their way into the building and carry out her charred body.

New Planes For B. C.

Will Increase Coast Fleet to Five Flying Boats

Vancouver. — Purchase of two modern flying boats to add to the company's fleet in British Columbia ports, was announced here by Col. Bell of Winnipeg, general manager of the Western Canada Airways, Ltd.

The two boats, Boeing B-1-E's, are the same type as those used on fisheries patrols on the British Columbia coast last season with certain modifications growing out of last year's experiences.

"We are planning to start a passenger air service in British Columbia at present," Mr. Brintnell said. "We will confine our operations to fisheries patrol, photographic flights, sketch mapping of timber areas and such work."

The new planes will give the company a fleet of five flying boats here.

Believes Soviet Rule Over

Montreal.—The Soviet experiment in Russia and failed tragically and its endurance was gow but a question of the patience of the Russian people, according to his imperial highness the Grand Duke Alexander Michailovitch, brother-in-law of the late czar and cousin by marriage to King George, who has arrived here. The grand duke was certain that his countrymen would not suffer the yoke of the communists very much longer.

New Senator Appointed

Ottawa.—Hance J. Logan, former Liberal member for Cumberland, N. S., in the House of Commons, has been appointed to the Senate, filling the vacancy in that body caused by the death of Senator W. B. Ross. Announcement of the appointment was made at the prime minister's office.

Will Take King To Sussex

London.—Preparations are going forward for the removal of King George to Bognor in Sussex as soon as the doctors decide that he can do so comfortably as in his bed at Buckingham palace.

Plane Nearing Completion

Warsaw.—Finishing touches now are being put on the airplane "Polonia," four-motor plane, which is being constructed near Milan for the flight which Captain Kowalski plans to make from Ireland to the United States early this spring.

Will Advocate Railway Link

Winnipeg.—J. T. Thorson, member of parliament for Southeast Winnipeg, will bring up in the House of Commons at the forthcoming session the subject of more direct railway communication for Winnipeg with Hudson bay.

Wireless For Planes

Toronto.—Provincial air force planes will be equipped this year with wireless, so they may send reports to headquarters from any district up to 400 miles it has been announced.

Is Acting Postmaster

Ottawa.—William H. Pennock, for several years assistant postmaster at Ottawa, has been named acting postmaster. The vacancy was created by the death recently of Asdrew G. Acres.

Report Severed Relations

Berlin.—An entirely unconfirmed report circulated in Berlin said Japan had severed diplomatic relations with Russia. The source of the report was not known.

Will Urge Negotiation Of Trade Agreement

Chinese Nationalist League Would Develop Business With Canada

Vancouver.—Development of trade between China and Canada through the negotiation of a treaty between their government and that of Canada is a major recommendation to be voiced at the annual convention of Kuomintang, Chinese national government at Nanking, by the seven delegates from Canada. Seventy-five representatives of all branches of the Chinese National League in Canada are now holding their annual conclave at Canadian headquarters, Gore avenue and Pender street, and will elect their representatives before the sessions end Jan. 31.

An increase in the number of consulates throughout the Dominion will also be sought by the delegates from Canada. Consulates are at present maintained only at Ottawa and Vancouver.

There are 75 branches of the league in Canada, with three divisions, the coast, prairie, middlewest and west. There is a Canadian membership of more than 10,000.

New Railway Station

C. N. R. Station At The Pas Is Officially Opened

The Pas.—Another chapter in the development of northern Manitoba was written today when the Canadian National Railways' new $75,000 station was officially opened here.

A ceremony was held at the new station, which is situated in the heart of the town. Maj. J. G. MacLachlan, district engineer of the C. N. R., turned the station key over to T. Bantz, general superintendent of transportation, who opened the door of the station to the public.

Treating Drug Addicts

Geneva.—Noaiaki Sato, the Japanese League of Nations representative in the Hague opium conference, said Japan successfully applying medical treatment to those addicts. The first Out of 681 cases, 660 had been sent to hospitals and cured.

EMBARGO BRINGS PROTEST FROM RAILWAY HEADS

Montreal.—The partial embargo placed against central European colonists by the Dominion department of immigration and colonization, effective from the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National railways today a formal protest".

The decision it was claimed in a statement issued by the presidents of the companies, will not only work distinct hardship on both transportation companies but will destroy the faith the governments, whose people are affected, have in Canada.

The companies deny they are interested in moving colonists from non-preferred countries in Europe rather than those from Great Britain or other northern European or preferred countries.

The attitude of the transportation companies was outlined in a statement issued to The Canadian Press by the railway presidents, E. W. Beatty and Sir Henry Thornton.

RECEIVES IMPORTANT POST

Dr. Charles B. Best, collaborator with Dr. F. G. Banting in the discovery of insulin, has been appointed to the chair of physiology of the University of Toronto. He succeeds Prof. J. J. R. MacLeod, who left Toronto on return to the University of Aberdeen.

Class B Fairs

New Dates Are Set At Meeting Held in Winnipeg

Winnipeg.—The establishment of an eastern and a western circuit of B class fairs, and the setting of dates for fairs in each circuit, was the principal result of a session of the Western Canadian Fairs association held at the Fort Garry hotel.

The Western Canada Association of Exhibitions, which comprises the class A fairs concluded their convention in the afternoon.

Archie Wilson of Saskatoon, heads the Western Canada Association of Exhibitions for the coming year, being elected president to succeed H. W. Abbott of Edmonton at the closing session. H. G. Smith, Regina, was re-elected vice president of the organization and R. W. Jones, Saskatoon, will continue in office as secretary-treasurer.

Johnny J. Jones was awarded the contract for midway shows at class A fairs.

Because the circuit of the Western Canada Fairs association had become so unwieldy by reason of the large number of fairs, it was divided into two circuits, and the dates for fairs set as follows:

Eastern circuit.—Carman, June 28 to July 1; Estevan, July 3 to 6; Portage la Prairie, July 8 to 10; Brandon, July 11 to 13; Prince Albert, July 15 to 17; Prince Albert, July 18 to 20; Melfort, July 18 to 20; Yorkton, July 22 to 27.

Western circuit.—Strathcona, July 8 to 10; Assiniboia, July 11 to 13; Lethbridge, July 15 to 20; Red Deer, July 22 to 24; Camrose, July 25 to 27, Vegreville, July 29 to 31; Vermilion, Aug. 1 to 3; Lloydminster, Aug. 6 to 7; North Battleford, Aug. 8 to 10.

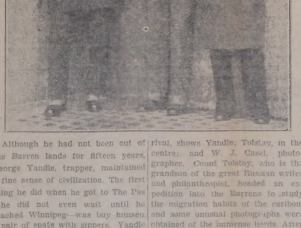
To Tour Europe

Ottawa.—Arrangements have been concluded here for the European tour of a large party of Canadian club members. The group which it is expected will draw members from every part of the Dominion, is to sail from Montreal aboard the liner Laurentic June 8.

Wrote For "Punch"

London.—Rudolph Chambers Lehmann is dead at Bourne End after a long illness. He was famous as oarsman and rowing coach and also for the light, witty verses which he contributed to "Punch."

BACK FROM THE BARRENS



Although he had not been out of the Barren lands for fifteen years, George Yandle, trapper, maintained a fine sense of civilization. The first thing he did when he got to The Pas —he did not even wait until he reached Winnipeg—was buy himself a pair of spats with zippers. Yandle acted as interpreter when Count Ilia Tolstoy entertained the Eskimos in the far north. The photograph, which was taken outside the Canadian National Railways station in Winnipeg, just after the trio's arrival, shows Yandle, Tolstoy, in the centre, and W. A. Case, photographer. Count Tolstoy, who is the grandson of the great Russian writer and philanthropist, headed an expedition into the Barren lands to study the migration habits of the caribou, and some unusual photographs were obtained of the harmless beasts. After spending a day in Winnipeg, the party, together with five Eskimo dogs, worth $65 apiece, went to Timagami in the Ontario forest reserve, for further study of wild animals, and thence to New York.

Needs Britain's Protection

Iraq Is Not Sufficiently Prepared to Defend Itself

London.—Differences between the British and Iraq governments over the ability or otherwise of Iraq to defend itself have resulted in the resignation of the Iraq cabinet under Premier Aska Jafar Pasha of Askeri.

The British authorities hold the view that Iraq, placed under Britain's protection after the war, is not yet ready to assume full responsibility for its defence.

A treaty between the British and Iraq governments in 1923 provides the responsibilities of Great Britain as a mandatory power shall be terminated when Iraq is admitted to the League of Nations.

Iraq has a population of nearly 3,000,000, practically all Mohammedans. Its chief city is Bagdad, and the territory is east of Arabia, comprising 150,000 square miles.

The real difficulty it is pointed out in London is the fear that the existing agreements between Great Britain and Iraq are not fulfilled particularly with regard to military and financial matters, including railways and ports.

South African Tourists Greeted By Snowstorm

Students Wanted Thrill and Got It In Toronto

Toronto.—In the midst of a blinding snowstorm 37 students of South African universities arrived here in the vanguard of the tour of United States and Canada.

"Just what we wanted," one of them exclaimed heartily, though clothed in Toronto were finding the storm troublesome.

"We were counting on Canada for the thrill of the trip. We've heard lots of snow and the novelty of ice hockey," T. Thorpe, Capetown university spokesman for the visitors said.

The students were the guests at Toronto university and left for Montreal to be met by Mr. Merlin Hamilton. Before completion of the tour the students will have been away from home for three months and will have travelled 25,000 miles.

Prizes For Research

Two Will Be Given for Best Work in Cancer Research

London.—The grand council of the British Empire cancer campaign announced approval of an offer of two prizes, each of £1,000 (about $4,933), for the best original piece of work in the investigation of cancer carried out in the British Empire. The award will be known as the Garton prizes.

The report of the Medical Research Council, summarizing the work of various laboratories centres in 1927, claims malignant growths in the early stages of cancer can be removed by diathermy treatment as efficaciously as by any surgical means.

Plan Air Endurance Test

Flight to Prove Claim Made for New British Plane

London.—The Mail says that a non-stop flight from Capetown to England is planned to test the claim made for a new British aeroplane that it is capable of flying further without refueling than any other in the world.

The 'plane, which has tanks for three and one-half tons of gasoline in its hollow 38-foot wing, is now being put through trail flights. Two pilots will fly it to Capetown by easy stages and attempt the return flight without a stop.

URGES BETTER FEELING BETWEEN TWO NATIONS

New York.—J. Ramsay MacDonald, former premier of Great Britain, in an article under his name in the current issue of The Nation, Liberal weekly, makes a plea for the understanding between the two nations "to meet and drag from the obscure corners of sulky suspicion the things that make difficulties between us."

The relations between the United States and Great Britain grow increasingly unhappy," he says, "the spirit is growing in the two countries which is estranging them and is encouraging a kind of squabbling criticism which destroys mutual understanding and forebearance."

"Have both of us failed to observe how easy it is to slip into war for nothing, how ready popular imagination is to be set on fire by anyone—even an almost anonymous publication like the Nation—to magnify a match" he asks, then continues.

"This is no case for private and unofficial action and conference. The governments must act. Both countries ought to appoint five or six outstanding men to discuss our differences. Mayhap fresh air would clean our minds of them."

Soviets Are Willing To Extend Protocol To Baltic States

Will Adopt Pension S.heme

Ontario Decides to Follow Action of Western Provinces

Ottawa.—The province of Ontario will shortly come in under the federal old-age pension scheme. This was stated by Hon. Peter Heenan, minister of labor, to a delegation representing the Confederation of Catholic Workers of Canada, which waited upon the government.

Mr. Heenan further said that the Dominion government was prepared to discuss with the provinces, which embraced the present scheme, suggestions for improving it. The government was prepared to consider with the provinces the adoption of a contributory system of old age pensions.

It was considered advisable, however, to get the present system established before making changes. The minister of labor said he anticipated that the province of Quebec would follow Ontario and embrace the old age pension system also.

France Seeks Payment For German Sugar

Over Three Million Dollars Worth Not Paid For In Claim

Paris.—As search for more than $2,000,000, owing the French government, was being made by police after it was revealed that repayment payments of sugar had returned over to private concerns and not paid for.

Albert Feller, former professor of political economy at the University of Lille, has been arrested as a ringleader in the plot against the government. He is accompanied by police on their visits to various concerns believed involved in the deals.

Forty thousand tons of sugar were delivered by Germany in lieu of cash as reparations payments. The sugar was turned over to the Sugar Farming company and the Franco-Moroccan Navigation company to sell, but the government has not received payment for it.

Inspect's Seagrave's Car

Prince of Wales Learns Things About Speed Riding

London.—The prince of Wales, driving alone in his automobile, made one of his typical impromptu visits to a London motor house to inspect the car "Golden Arrow" and the speedboat "Miss England," with which Maj. H. O. Seagrave intends to attack world's speed records this year.

The major happened to be present and he showed his vehicle to the prince, answering many questions about the sensations of speed riding.

Friendly Relations Secure

Toronto.—It will take more than Chicago water steals, radio broadcasting pirates, liquor smuggling and arguments over the price newsprint to seriously jeopardize the present good feeling existing between Canada and the United States, in the opinion of Prof. W. Bennett Munro, of Harvard, a former Canadian, now recognized as a distinguished American constitutional authority.

Gives Money As Memorial

Edinburgh, Scotland.—As a memorial to the twin doctors, Arthur and Sydney Smith, who committed suicide through despondency over the lack of public support for their life work in examining the development of autism as a forerunner of cancer, an anonymous donor has offered the University of Edinburgh $20,000 for radium purposes.

Director of Cattle Association

Brantford, Ont.—R. B. Fail, for 25 years editor of the Farm Journal, has been appointed director of extension of the Holstein Friesian association of Canada. His headquarters will be in Brantford.

Demand Of Canada Favorably Considered By Radio Conference

Ottawa.—Canada's claim to 40 per cent. of the intermediate waves has, it is understood, been successfully maintained at the international radio conference meeting here.

While the proceedings continued to be closely guarded, the scheme of division is believed to be approximately 40 per cent. to Canada and 60 per cent. to the United States. Newfoundland, Cuba and Mexico will share certain of the channels.

From the fact that most of the waves have a range of only 1,000 to 1,800 miles, Newfoundland can share

Paris.—Poland's acceptance of the Soviet proposal for a protocol putting the Kellogg pact into effect immediately in eastern Europe, will yield beneficial results, it is believed, in connection with the general situation in that part of the world.

The Russians have indicated that they are willing to admit not only Poland but also Rumania and the Baltic states to the provisions of this protocol.

Because of the Bessarabian question no diplomatic relations have ever existed between the Soviet and Rumania. It is surmised that this new protocol negotiations will lead to such relations.

The protocol will also go far in quieting Soviet fears of a great aggressive plot against Russia by the capitalist states led by Great Britain.

It is significant that Poland has waited until the United States ratified the Kellogg pact before accepting the Soviet proposal.

Crosses Atlantic In Steamer's Lifeboat

Stowaway From England Had Feet Frost-Bitten During Trip

New York.—Matthew Badderley, youthful cheese cart driver of Cheshire county, England, completed a stowaway crossing of the Atlantic in a lifeboat, an uncomfortable but not a dangerous journey, for the lifeboat all the time was moored to the derricks on the liner Lancastrian. For 10 days the stowaway stuck it out through storm and cold, living on the emergency rations in his hiding place. He kept his hands warm against his body, but his feet were frost-bitten and gangrene had also reached quarantine the pain drove him forth.

He collapsed while telling his story but was revived and put to bed in the ship's hospital. He will be sent back to his cheese cart.

Ratifies Kellogg Treaty

Action of Lithuania May Affect Dispute Between Russia and Poland

Kovno, Lithuania.—The Lithuanian government ratified the anti-war Kellogg pact.

Ratification of the Kellogg pact by Lithuania has significance in its bearing upon negotiations between Russia and Poland for a special protocol applying the pact in a localized sense to the states that touch the Soviet republic. Both Poland and Lithuania have been at odds over frontier questions and over the ownership of Vilna, a city which Lithuania claims as its legitimate capital but which is now held by Poland.

Is Unique Institute

Children From Many Lands Attend International School at Geneva.

One of the most unique educational establishments in the world exists at Geneva in Switzerland, where it is "L'Ecole Internationale," children of seventeen different nationalities receive instruction together, writes the editor of "Interdependence" the monthly review of the League of Nations (international Civil servants) of officials of the International Labor Office, of the International Red Cross, the Y.M.C.A. and of other International organizations which have their headquarters at Geneva.

A baffling educational problem was presented when, following the formation of the League of Nations Individuals of many different nations connected with the Secretariat had to take up residence in Geneva and establish their families there. There were Czech and Chinese children, Latin and Lithuanian, English and French, and the progeny of many other nations. The facilities offered by the Swiss schools were not attractive, as emphasis was placed upon Swiss cantonal history, and upon local and national, rather than international matters.

A school was finally evolved that gave fair and even treatment to the interests of all nations represented, and which was run on strictly international lines, the two official languages being English and French. It was founded in 1924, and has since demonstrated its importance and efficiency, having grown from a small day school to a full-fledged school, an institution with both day and boarding departments.

Children unacquainted with French or English are taught one or the other and, after a few months, are sufficiently familiar with the new language to take their lessons in it. English scholars can usually acquire a working knowledge of French in six months, but the French usually take a little longer as they hear the English language only in school.

Among The Best Sellers

Douglas Fir

Tree Received Its Name From David

Douglas, Scottish Botanist

Douglas fir, the largest timber tree grown in Canada, receives its name from David Douglas, the first person to describe the tree to the world of scientific world. Douglas was a Scottish botanist who, just one hundred years ago (he first came to America in 1823 and left this country in 1833) spent several years in British Columbia and the northwestern United States. During this time he discovered a hundred and fifty species of plants previously unknown to science, and he introduced into cultivation in the British Isles two hundred and seventeen species, including the Douglas fir, the sugar pine, and the redwood. The Douglas fir was first discovered by A. Menzies, the surgeon of Vancouver in his voyage of discovery, but was introduced to Europe by Douglas.

Notable Rocky Mountain Pass

Jarvis pass, a densely timbered crossing on the Alberta-British Columbia interprovincial boundary, is remarkable for containing a number of small lakes on its summit, distributed on both sides of the watershed. The water from some of the lakes flows westward to the Pacific while from the others it runs eastward to the Atlantic.

U. S. Government Faces Deficit

Brigadier-General Herbert M. Lord, director of the United States budget, expressed the opinion that the country faced a possible deficit of $90,000,000 this fiscal year, due to the expense of new legislation and tax refunds. He said he was hopeful of making his books balance, if the returns under the new tax bills were large enough.

Not For Publication

"Would you lose some views of the hotel to send your friends?" asked the polite hotel manager.

"No," replied the disgruntled guest. "I think it would be better for me to keep my views of this place to myself."

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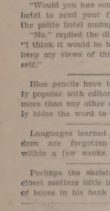

"You look miserable. Haven't you shot anything?"

"Yes—a gamekeeper!" — Journal Amusant, Paris.

Using Poison Dust To Protect Timber

Government To Start Intensive Campaign Against Insect Menace

Government departments specializing in the work of forest protection will enter another and more intensive campaign against the insect menace to timber during 1929, according to a statement from the entomological branch of the Department of Agriculture.

Aeroplanes will probably play an important part in this new war. Machines specially equipped for the work will scatter a poison dust over forests where the appearance of the insect detrayers is noted and experts hope to put into service a larger machine than has been formerly employed.

Operations during 1926 showed that dusting by means of a specially-equipped aeroplane hired for the purpose totalled $7.04 per acre, over 715 different acres of forest. An official appendage to this report says: "This amount is considered very moderate when compared with the values of the trees saved."

Advance In Aviation

333 Planes Now In Operation In The Dominion

Aviation in Canada is developing rapidly. A recent official compilation disclosed there are 333 airplanes in operation in the Dominion compared with 101 early in 1926. Of the total of 333 planes, 246 are engaged in commercial work and 87 in the service of the Dominion, provincial and provincial governments on forest protective work, map photography, mail carrying and a variety of other tasks that call for aerial work. There are now 44 air harbors in Canada as compared with 25 at the beginning of 1926. Licenses held by commercial pilots as at Jan. 1, 1929, number 190 or more than four times the number held on the corresponding date last year.

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Mouldy Butter

Many Factors May Prove To Be The Cause For This Condition

Creamery butter which passes soon after making into the hands of the trade may afterwards develop certain defects. One of the most serious defects that crop up in this way is the presence of mould spots on the surface and on the parchment covering. Addressing the Canadian Creamerymen's association, Dr. E. G. Hood, chief of the division of dairy research in the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, pointed out that while trouble from mould is decreasing from year to year, it still appears at times in both commercial and exhibition butter Creamery men were urged to find out the sources of this trouble so as to apply preventive measures. Doctor Hood pointed out that mould has been found to enter largely from the following sources: Improperly pasteurized cream; recontamination of pasteurized with wet cream; insanitary equipment, as holding vats, conductor pipes, pumps, outlet valves; unsterilized churns and packing equipment improperly treated liners; carelessly stored salt; air infection from insanitary surroundings.

As an aid to discovering the cause of the trouble and to decide on the remedies best to apply, creamerymen were recommended to procure and study Bulletin No. 49, "The Cause and Prevention of Mould in Butter," available from the publications branch, the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Watching The Little Things

Many Matters Receive Consideration of League of Nations.

While the primary work of the League of Nations is the promotion of international peace, many and various matters arise from time to time for their consideration. For instance, at the last session of the Westminster City Council is going to introduce has been recommended by the League. At the sign "P," and wherever it appears the motorist in Westminster will know that he is at liberty to park his car. The sign has been agreed upon as an international one, provided it is considered successful when tried out at Westminster, so the British contract in Berlin, Stockholm, or Copenhagen will know without having to make tedious inquiries, whether parking he may leave his car without incurring the displeasure of a policeman.

New Peaks of Progress

Canada Fifth Amongst The Nations in Volume of Exports

In his review of the year 1928, as regards Trade and Commerce, Hon. James Malcolm points out that while the year of the Diamond Jubilee of Confederation (1927), created a new peak of progress, the year 1928 went even beyond those records. He points out that while Canada ranks only 28th in population, it comes fifth among the nations in the volume of its exports; third in its trade balance; second in its per capita trade balance and first in its per capita trade balance.

Assisting Canada's Navigators

For the benefit of navigators, six stations on the east coast of Canada, seven on the Great Lakes, and three on the west coast broadcast twice daily at certain specified hours information covering weather forecasts, position and nature of dangers and shipping, etc. In cases of urgency, such as hurricane warnings, the information is immediately sent forth.

Limestone in Canada

Every province in Canada except Prince Edward Island contains workable deposits of good quality limestone. In the case of Saskatchewan the supply is inaccessible at present and it is not worked. Ontario is the principal producer followed by Quebec, Manitoba, British Columbia, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Alberta in order of production.

Wrong

Teacher—"Another argument with your husband? What's the trouble this time?"

Freda: "The same old thing. I'm right and he won't agree with me."

Wrong For Sixty Years

Error in Whitaker's Almanac Has Just Been Discovered

After sixty years publication an error has been discovered in Whitaker's Almanack.

On the Zodiacal figures has been printed wrongly.

In the 1929 volume—the 61st—the editor-in-chief points out that Capricornus now appears in his true shape as a marine monster—a sea (not he) goat.

This erroneous drawing on the title page and in the calendar has remained undiscovered until a short time before the present edition was placed on the press.

Considering the fact this almanac, as is rightly claimed, is edited by the public — correspondents from all parts of the world regularly are criticising it every year—it is remarkable that the error should not have been discovered until the 61st year.

Canada's Northland

Vast Territories Lying to the North of Prairie Provinces to Be Explored

Much is being done by the department of the interior to organize and explore the vast territories lying to the north of the Prairie Provinces and in the Mackenzie River district of the natural resources will depend on a robust native population and an abundance of wild life, in conformity with this realization game preserves have been set aside for the sole use of the natives; expert investigations are being detailed to examine and report on wild life conditions; experiments have been conducted with a view to the introduction of new species of animal life; and regulations have been enforced with regard to the destruction of predatory animals.

Opinion of a Cynic

In these days of ingratitude it is pleasant and refreshing to meet up with a man who knows the meaning of the word. The very height of appreciation was registered from a little town in Ohio where a very rich man died and left all his fortune to the girl who jilted him in youth. Seldom we see one who gives such evidence of thanks.

"What is a 'preparedness parade, pa?"

"A rehearsal of the wedding march, my son."

The wettest day recorded happened on June 14, 1911, at Baguio, Philippines, when forty-six inches of rain fell.

Smut Diseases Of Plants

Minute Parasitic Organisms That Live On The Tissues Of Growing Plants

According to the latest reports of scientific research, smuts of plants are not confined to cultivated plants. Smuts are caused by microscopic fungi, minute parasitic plants. Incapable of manufacturing their own food, these fungi live on the tissue of plants. As a result of this the plant upon which the fungi live—the host plant—is seriously injured. The purposes for which it is cultivated are interested with, or frustrated altogether, and in some instances the plant dies.

Spores are formed by the fungi, and in the case of the spores of stinking bunt of wheat, eight bunt spores, side by side, are equal to the width of a human hair. The spores of the loose smut of wheat are smaller still, and eighteen of them are required to equal the width of a hair.

These fungus spores are not seeds in the true botanical sense, though they do reproduce their kind. They are formed in great abundance, microcelle, finer and lighter than road dust, or similar substances easily carried in the air.

The "Smut Diseases of Cultivated Plants, Their Cause and Control, forms the subject of a most interesting bulletin published by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa. It deals with the smuts of wheat, barley, oats, rye, corn, timothy, etc., and explaining in detail the various treatments for seed.

Says Ants Produce Music From Bodies

Well Known Scientist Has Made Study of Insect Life.

Amazing discoveries about insect life have been made by Dr. Robert Stargar, the well known scientist, who has been making study of the lives of different varieties of ants.

Dr. Stargar's discoveries occurred while on an exploration trip. Noticing a nest of large red ants, he decided to watch their manoeuvres. Being of his astonishment, the insects began to emit tiny musical sounds. He decided to investigate.

Suddenly a number of the ants began knocking with the end of the abdomen upon the thin, resonant wall of the homestead, thus producing a sound that was evidently intended for an alarm signal. Dr. Stargar also discovered that some of the ants perform actual instrumental music.

"All of these musicians," he states, "make use of a similar instrument, differing only in being attuned to a higher or lower pitch. This instrument consists of two different parts, which I have named the lute and the plectrum.

"The lute is situated on the abdomen, and consists of microscopically fine grooves. The plectrum is in the shape of a rod or pencil attached to the segment that unites the abdomen and the thorax. When the ant moves its abdomen rapidly up and down the pencil moves in brief intervals across the grooves on the lute.

"There then ensues a sort of humming chirp which is perceptible by human ears only when a great number of little musicians unite in a symphony."

Answering Paris Bankers

Rich Man Makes Out All Cheques in Roman Numerals.

A certain practical joker among the rich men of Paris, the leading banks and trades-people a lot of annoyance by making out his cheques in Roman numbers.

Way to the order of John Doe CXLIV francs . . ." reads one cheque, for example. So far none of the banks have refused to honor the cheques, but in each case the recipients have been shunted from office to office. In each case it has taken no less than an hour to obtain the money.

A wit who received the cheque explained that to the paying teller that Roman numbers were the only ones used in French up to the tenth century and they were just as valid in law as the ordinary Arabian, which are the numbers now used universally.

To Discuss Trade Treaty

Trade Agreement Between Canada and Australia To Come Under Review

Official instructions have been forwarded to Canadian trade commissioner, Dr. H. Rose, at Melbourne, Australia, to discuss in a "friendly way" with the Australian government possible changes in the trade agreement between the two countries. This communication, it was stated, should be in the hands of the Commissioner within the next few days. Official circles at Ottawa declined to make any comment on the question of what alterations in the Australian treaty might come under discussion.

A Narrow Escape

Jimmy came home and said, "I almost had some watermelon today."

"How was that?" his mother asked.

"I was over playing at Sammy's house, and his mother opened the ice-box, and there was a watermelon in it, Sammy said, 'Couldn't we have some?' and if she had said 'Yes,' we would have."

It is calculated that there is enough oil in sight to last a full century and sufficient potential motor fuel to supply all needs for another 2,000 years.

It is estimated that there will be one auto for every 20 people in Europe within 10 years' time.

Patient—"Doctor, I often feel like falling myself. What shall I do?"

Doctor—"Leave it to me."

McIntosh Red Apple

Story of John McIntosh, Who Settled in Ontario in Old Pioneer Days

There is a pleasant story which tells of a John McIntosh, who settled in Ontario in the old pioneering days and found a clump of 20 apple trees growing close to his forest home. Whence they came neither he nor subsequent hosts of learned botanists could discover, although the opinion is now generally held that the apple is not a native of North America, but that they were introduced in the days before history. McIntosh was inspired with the idea of cultivating the fruit, and with infinite care he transplanted the trees to an open space. All his trees died save one, which for over a century bore luscious fruit and became the parent tree of the famous McIntosh apple, which Canada now grows in millions.

In 1842 this old tree was badly scorched by fire, but it clung tenaciously to life until in 1908 its last 3 apples fell, and near its site a more higher or lower pitch. This instrument consists of two different parts, which I have named the lute and the plectrum.

"The lute is situated on the abdomen, and consists of microscopically fine grooves. The plectrum is in the shape of a rod or pencil attached to the segment that unites the abdomen and the thorax. When the ant moves its abdomen rapidly up and down the pencil moves in brief intervals across the grooves on the lute.

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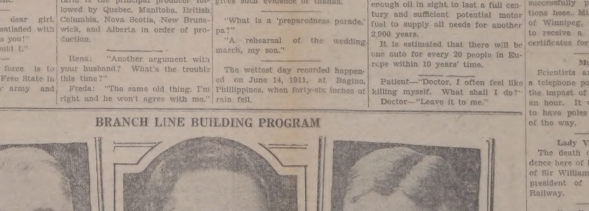
BRANCH LINE BUILDING PROGRAM



Announcement of a large branch line building program of the C.P.R. and C.N.R., totalling nearly $90,000,000, has launched a strenuous "steel" conflict for the whiphand. Above are shown: 1, Sir Henry Thornton, president of the C.N.R.; 2, Hon. Charles A. Dunning, minister of railways and canals; 3, E. W. Beatty, president of the C.P.R.

Improvement In Canadian Cheese

Compulsory Grading Has Brought About Steady Advance In Quality

Canadian cheese has made a steady advance in quality since compulsory grading began in 1923. In a review of grading during the past year Mr. Joseph Burgess, chief of the division of dairy products, in the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, brought out the fact that about 93 per cent. of the entire make of the Dominion, with 98 per cent. of the cheese graded, scored in the classes for "special" and "first grade."

All of the provinces have shown a marked improvement in quality, with Ontario leading in this respect with 96.7 per cent. in the two highest grades. In the first year of grading the percentage of the two highest grades was only 78 per cent., which compared with the results last year shows the value of compulsory grading in improving the quality of the output.

Mr. Burgess announces that the output of 78 of the 1,961 factories operating in the province of Ontario graded 100 per cent., while the production of 483 factories graded between 99 and 100 per cent. This was an increase over 1927 of 51 in the factories making perfect cheese and of 162 factories making cheese between 99 and 100 per cent. Improvement was also shown in the quality of cheese made in the other provinces with the exception of Alberta, an important branch of the dairy industry.

In Prince Edward Island there was an increase of 5 per cent. in the highest grades; New Brunswick, 5.1 per cent.; Quebec, 11.8 per cent., and Manitoba, 4.4 per cent. Compared with the previous season, covering all the cheese-making provinces, there was an increase of 5.7 per cent. in the output that scored about 93 per cent.

Clean Milk

Main Sources Of Contamination Are Pointed Out

The sanitary quality of the milk produced on the farms has a tremendous influence upon the welfare of the dairying industry. This view is expressed by Dr. Grant Lochhead, bacteriologist to the Dominion experimental farms, who credits the producer and the methods he employs with more importance than the laws and the dairy equipment he possesses.

Elaborate equipment is no guarantee of clean milk. Contamination from all sides must be excluded in the production of the highest grade of milk, and this means that dairy stables, yards, utensils, animals, utensils, milkers, and the methods used by the milkers.

Clean milk, properly handled, and the chances removed for dirt falling from the cow into the pail reduced to a minimum, are two of the main points that must be kept in remembrance in cleaning up the milk supply. These are the main sources of contamination and any care with minor sources to the neglect of those two main sources is largely wasted effort. Pamphlet No. 91, "Production of Clean Milk," published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, expresses the view that a clean job and a clean pail are the main factors in producing clean milk.

A Half Dollar's Worth

The hired man on the farm took his first trip to the city. He remained overnight and set with at least four carats of radiance. The jewelry dazzled the rural belles and excited the envy of the other men. His employer bluntly asked him if it was a real diamond. He answered. "If it ain't, I was stuck one out of a half a dollar."

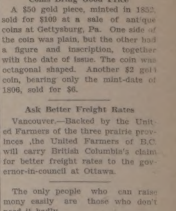
Coins Bring Good Price

A $50 gold piece dated 1825 sold for $109 at a sale of antique coins at Gettysburg, Pa. One side of the coin was plain, but the other had a figure and inscription, together with the date of issue. The coin was octagonal shaped. Another $2 gold piece, bearing the mint-date of 1906, sold for $6.

Ask Better Freight Rates

Vancouver.—Backed by the United Farmers of the three prairie provinces ,the United Farmers of B.C will carry British Columbia's claim for better freight rates to the governor-in-council at Ottawa.

The only people who can raise money easily are those who don't need it badly.



"My matrimonial agency was a great success. My wife divorced me and married one of my clients."—Dorfbarbier, Berlin.

CRUMBLY TEETH

Help your children to have sturdy bodies, sound bones and strong teeth. Give them

Scott's Emulsion

rich in vitamins. It serves the needs of childhood equally as well as it does grown people.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 25-60

THE CRIMSON WEST

— BY —

ALEX. PHILIP

Published by Special Arrangement With Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto, Ont.

CHAPTER XIII.—Continued.

Connie raised her head. "Oh, no, I don't think so, Andy; that must slip on," she objected.

Andy made a pretence of studying the article in question.

"Yes, yes, sure! That's right! that's right!" he conceded quickly.

Andy's part in now sending out billows of acrid smoke. Connie moved beyond the smoke screen. Much to Andy's relief, she sat for a moment silently studying the advertisement. When she raised her head there was a look of wistful yearning in her blue eyes.

"Oh, Andy," she said dreamily, "it must be lovely to feel those soft silky things next your skin."

"I'm—I'm sure, Connie," stuttered Andy, "but I 'ave a roast in the oven—I—"

"Just a minute Andy," she pleaded, "there is something else I want to ask you." She sorted the papers for a moment.

"And what is what will it be now?" thought Andy, as he braced himself for the next question.

"Andy, what is a laundry?"

A look of profound relief crossed the little Australian's face.

"A camisole," he explained with an air of wisdom, "is a fish. It's a——"

He was interrupted by Connie's peal of laughter. "Oh, Andy," she cried, "you're a funny man!" She turned and ran laughing down the hill.

"Strike me lucky!" exclaimed Andy as he mopped his brow. "It's enough to make a blighter's 'eart bleed. The poor motherless kid comin' to a bloke like me to ask such questions."

He watched Connie as she slowly ascended the hill, still studying the magazine pages.

"But 'ow 'ell can I 'elp 'er?"

He pondered deeply for a moment, but, seeing nothing in answer to the question, shook his head sadly and turned to his duties.

Fortunately for Janet's peace of mind, none of her friends had recognized in the photograph of the new champion of Canada the handsome young man they had met at her home. They were puzzled by her decision to spend a holiday in the wilds until the casually mentioned that Mr. McLean was arranging for their entertainment, and she accepted with a smile the sly teasing that followed.

The party arrived by special train a day earlier than originally planned, and all were dressed to the part. The form Donald was for a moment disconcerted by the warmth of her greeting and the softness in her eyes as they rested on him.

That afternoon Connie came riding down the hill holding in her hand an enormous bouquet of Alpine flowers. She leaped from her horse and ran blithely around the corner of the big building. Andy, dressed in white coat and hat, came smilingly forward to meet her.

"Andy, here are some rare flowers I had sent for——" She ceased speaking abruptly as Donald, leading Janet and her friends from a tour of the kitchen, came through the door.

Donald's face lighted with a glad smile as he saw Connie.

"Miss Rennie, I want you to meet Miss Wainwright.

Connie's face turned with embarrassment as all eyes turned toward her, and the mass of wild flowers held crushed to her breast quivered as though shaken by a breeze. She glanced about her quickly, strongly tempted to flee the spot.

For a moment the society belle and the girl of the mountains eyed each other silently. Janet stared at Connie as if she were some strange creature unclassified by science, but at times her big brown eyes held a troubled look as they rested on Donald.

Gillis's "redskirts" filed in to give an exhibition of old-fashioned dancing. Half the men were bandiknees, a native frankness, about the girl of the woods that made Janet appear artificial. Their attention on Connie's tips parted in a timid smile revealing two rows of perfect milk-white teeth and forming two tiny dimples in her brown cheeks. Her lonely heart longed for the friendship of this wonderful girl, but the smile quickly faded when she noticed that Janet's eyes remained cold and appraising.

Janet scrutinized Connie's faded blue overalls and coarse cotton shirt, which, even through loose and ill-fitting, could not conceal the graceful lines of the children figure. Crushed by the cold reception, her eyes wide and misty with a hint of pain, Connie turned quickly away.

Moving with the easy grace and freedom that an empress might envy, Connie walked to the side of Cayuse, and with characteristic birdlike motion sprang to his back. Her moccasined feet struck his sides, and with ears flattened Pegasus leaped forward with a speed that sent Connie's hair streaming. His spurning hoofs raised a cloud of dust in their faces, then horse and rider went tearing down the hill.

Janet stood staring after the flying rider, a look of blank astonishment on her face.

Connie's visits to the mill ceased, but from the highest point on the bluff she watched the workmen, and with keen interest as, dressed in nattry riding costumes, they rode their spirited mounts toward them. Reining-suits on the sandy beach, paddled the lake in light, graceful canoes, and disported in the shiny white motor-boat. For two evenings she sat with a feeling of dreary loneliness while Donald and Janet floated by, their heads close together in the canoes, their subdued voices and gentle laughter coming up faintly from below.

During the evenings she spent with Donald, Janet was assailed by fleeting emotions in which she tried to force herself toward him. She felt that the time was not far distant when some definition would be necessary. In a number of subtle ways she had tried, but without success, to lead him to talk of himself. When she put a direct question she saw the faint breath of wind in his eyes, and his reply carried a tone of such unmistakable rebuke that her cheeks flushed and the subject was instantly dropped.

On the night before Janet's departure a dance was arranged, to which the Indians of the Big Bend Indian Mill was invited. Gillis promised a special feature on the programme in the form of an old-fashioned square dance with his "red-shirts" as the performers.

All that day the skies drizzled monotonously, and the mountains were hidden under a heavy mist. The inclement weather did not dampen the ardour of the merry throng, for, anxious that was to be used as a dance-hall.

That night, lights gleamed from every window of the big room, which was decorated with coloured lights and bunting. The walls were one mass of wild flowers, and on the beams overhead were

P. BATSON
PROVINCIAL AUCTIONEER

See ME before making date. I will attend you with your listings. My experience is valuable to you.

Opportune
Flour Mills
DELIA

Our Flour is always reliable. Made from selected wheat, and backed up with many years milling experience and modern machinery, give Opportune Flour its assured uniform quality.

Custom Milling and Feed Grinding

Bran and Shorts for Sale

First-class service guaranteed

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PROPRIETORS

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
DELIA, - ALBERTA
Phone 12

Dr. W. A. MacDonald
DELIA, - ALTA
PHONE 54

W. A. LOW, LL.B.,
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
MONEY TO LOAN
Phone 10 DELIA, Alberta

D. L. Sloan
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
CRAIGMYLE, Alta.
Phone 7

Church Services

THE UNITED CHURCH
OF CANADA
Rev GEO. A. STEELE, B.A., Pastor
Mass: 3rd Ave. Phone 7
Subject—"Science from the Life of Christ," illustrated by lantern slides.
Until the weather gets milder, Rev. G. A. Steele will discontinue his country services.
Young People's Society—Wednesday at 7.30 p.m.

THE BAPTIST CHURCH
Rev. Dr. M. WHITE, Pastor.

Services are held each Sunday as follows:—
Sunday School .. 11 a.m.
Morning Service .. 12 p.m.
Evening Service .. 7.30 p.m
WEDNESDAYS
B.Y.P.U. .. 7.30 p.m.
Prayer Meeting .. 8.30 p.m.
Subjects—
Morning—"From the cross to the Cunning."
Evening—"I am not sick, thank you."
The Lord's Supper is observed on the first Sunday of the month, after the morning service.

Church of England Service,
REV. W. JACKSON ARCHER.

Service every 3rd Sunday in the month in Coates' Hall, at 11 a.m.

Local Grain Prices.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 30, 1929.

Wheat—	
No. 1 Northern	1.04
No. 2 Northern	.99
No. 3 Northern	.95
No. 4 Northern	.86
No. 5	.78
No. 6	.63
Feed	.56
Oats—	
No. 2 C.W.	.57
No. 3 C.W.	.46
No. 1 C.W.	.44
No. 2 C.W.	.39
Feed	.36
Barley—	
No. 3 C.W.	.67
Extra No. 3	.53
No. 4 Feed	.49
POOL PRICES	
No. 1 Wheat	.67
No. 2 "	.64
No. 3 "	.59
No. 4 "	.48
No. 5 "	.43
No. 6 "	.38
Feed "	.28

C.N.R. TIME TABLE

TO CALGARY—Leaves Delia at 4.31 a.m. daily.
TO SASKATOON—Leaves Delia at 11.42 p.m. daily.
TO CALGARY—
From Drumheller, 4.18 p.m. ex. Sun.
From Munson, 3.40 p. m. ex. Sun.
From Morrin, 3.19 p.m. ex. Sun.
From Rowley, 3.03 p.m. ex. Sun.
TO EDMONTON—
From Drumheller, 10.37 a.m. ex. Sun.
From Munson, 11.17 a.m. ex. Sun.
From Morrin, 11.38 a.m. ex. Sun.
From Rowley, 11.48 a.m. ex. Sun.

CITY CAFE
Good Meals. — Short Orders.
Good Service
Comfortable Rooms
Confectionery, Soft Drinks, Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes, Cigarettes
Your patronage solicited
Clam Chowder (to be taken out) **25c** per pint.
Fresh Oysters served daily
Wong Hong Foo
Frank Wong } props.

U.F.A. Meeting

DELIA REST ROOM

Saturday Feb. 2nd

At 2.30 p.m.

When the delegate to the Annual Convention will give his report.

Everybody Welcome

Dr. F. J. Netherton
RESIDENT
DENTIST
DELIA, - Alberta

THE HARTMAN NURSERY
DELIA, - ALBERTA

THOS. F. RIEGER
MERCHANT TAILOR
Suits and Overcoats made to order
Cleaning, Pressing, and Repairing
We are agents for Empire Cleaning and Dyeing Co.
"Semi-ready" Made-to measure Clothes

BABY CHICKS
Canada's Best to Lay. 100 per cent. Alive Guaranteed. Breeding Cockerels sent with chicks from tested, trap-nested Leghorns, Barred Rocks, Reds, Anconas, Minorcas, Wyandottes, Orpingtons. Discount for orders received by February 1st. Free Catalogue.
ALEX. TAYLOR'S HATCHERY,
1 Se 362 Furby St., Winnipeg, Man.

DAIRY CATTLE

Wanted, a four-fresh cows. Apply to PETER THOMPSON
5p Phone 613, Delia.

FOR SALE

A few good ewes, bred to lamb about April 1st.
50tf C. M. DAVIS, Delia.

FOR SALE

A quantity of Brome Hay, in stack. Price, $7.00 per ton. Apply to
Mrs. J. A. BROWN, Morrin,
5 7a Sec. 1-32 19-4.

FOR SALE

One Pure bred Shorthorn Roan Bull rising two years old, weight about 1200 lbs. Fred prize at Delia Fair, 1928. Price $100.
5-7a Wm. J. BRYAN, Delia.

WANTED

I will buy all the Jack Rabbits you can get me for fur feed.
A. S. DUNBAR Delia.
5 6o Phone 518.

The Delia Times

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Jos. McGibbon, - Editor and Proprietor

Subscription rates $1.50 per annum payable in advance.
Classified Advertising, such as Lost, Stolen or Strayed, Articles Wanted or For Sale, &c., 10c. per insertion, 25c each subsequent insertion.
Municipal, Legal and Reader Advertisements 10c. per line first insertion, 5th per line each subsequent insertion.
Display Advertising and Local Rates on applications.
Changes of advertisement must reach this office not later than noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1929

BE BRIEF

The world is in a hurry; please be brief.

Poor terminal facilities for authors and speakers often nullify all their excellent wisdom. A man may possess all kinds of useful knowledge, but fail in "discerning when to have done."

Brevity is the touchstone of success in any field. You may offend your customer, your reader or your hearer in one respect and please him in another. But if you tire him with your tediousness, you lose him altogether.

The newspaper leads the style to-day in pith and cogency and has educated the public to the expectation of receiving much in little. The well-executed cartoon will impart a whole philosophy of life at a glance, or provide a silent comment on current events worth a column of words.

Brevity is the soul of wit. Yet they who have wit, or think they have, are in especial danger of saying too much. Some one has said: "It is better to say nothing and be thought a fool than to open the mouth and dispel all doubt."

Be brief!

EXCISE TAX ARREARS

Arrears of excise taxes to-day are less than they were two-years ago. Interest, penalties, and Court actions, together with efficient machinery for collection of taxes, have resulted in a condition which is much more satisfactory

The London Free Press, in a recent issue, referred to the justification of the imposition of interest, computed monthly, with respect to arrears of Excise and Sales taxes, and to the two-fold results obtained; the first, that payments are met promptly, the other, that arrears have become negligible.

Prior to the imposition of interest on arrears taxpayers did not, in many cases, seriously regard the omission to pay these taxes, and as it was necessary to take proceedings against them in Courts, it was considered by many that when they received notice of suit, it was time enough to pay. These conditions did not lend themselves to efficient collection of tax

Parliament provided for the imposition of a penalty of 5 per cent of the taxes due (not to exceed $25.00), for late returns, and an interest penalty slightly higher than that for which money could be borrowed from the banks was imposed.

These penalties hail their effect, and in June last it was found possible to remove the penalty of 5 per cent for late returns, and the interest penalty alone remains.

When firms are now in arrears, they are reported to the Department by Collectors of National Revenue, and action is taken promptly to enforce collection

As to the interest charges, it must be remembered that Canada borrowed extensively during the War, by issuing War Loans and Victory Bonds. The interest which is paid on these borrowings ranges from four and one-half to five and one half per annum. Then, as Canada must pay interest to her creditors, why should not her debtors similarly pay interest on their "borowings?"

Local and District

FULTON—Born on Jan 17, 1929, at Drumheller Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Fulton, of Delia, a son.

• • •

The Opportune Flour Mills will do feed grinding on Saturdays only.

• • •

Until the weather gets milder Rev. G. A. Steele will discontinue his country services.

• • •

Owing to the severe cold the curling and skating rinks have become almost deserted during the past week.

• • •

W. M. McLean, of the Grant-McLean Hardware Co., left on Sunday night's train for Moose Jaw, and is expected back by the end of this week.

• • •

Remember the U.F.A meeting in the Rest Room on Saturday next, at 2.30 p.m., when the delegate to the annual convention will give his report.

• • •

Mrs. J. T. Armstrong and baby, wife of the manager of the Farmers' Store, left on Wednesday morning's train for Calgary, owing to the illness of her sister.

• • •

Mrs. A. Dawson received word last week of the death of her brother-in-law, Mr. Geo Barns, of Carnduff, Manitoba. Mrs. Dawson left for Manitoba on Saturday night's train

• • •

He had helped her mount the ladder of fame, and then fate cast him a minor roll. He replied he was only excess baggage.—At the Olympia Theatre Friday and Saturday, Feb. 1st and 2nd.—Advt.

• • •

Sunday evening, February 3rd, the theme of the service at the United Church, will be, "Scenes from the life of Christ," illustrated by a set of coloured lantern slides—Hoffman's Life of Christ."

• • •

Mrs Ernest Sprouse, who recently had an attack of the "flu," and almost recovered, we regret to report is again ill and abed. Nurse Bigelow is in attendance, and reports her patient coming along fine.

• • •

Pete Ness and Olmond Larson arrived home on Saturday night's train from Calgary, where they had been taking a course during the past two weeks at the Ford Car and McCormick-Deering Tractor Schools.

The annual U.F.A. entertainment and dance will be held on Wednesday, February 20th. See advt next week.

• • •

In the 8.30 a.m. draw of the Calgary Hospital last Friday, Blessy (Hanna) won from Hessell (Okotoks) 12-3, in the Hicks event. Campbell (Delia) defeated Carr (Vivs.), 11-10, in the Burns event, in a game that took thirteen ends to decide.

• • •

The weather throughout the province and this district generally during the past week has been the most severe on record. There has been a little snow ,no wind, and clear bright skies. Local thermometers registered as low as 60, but the government instrument at the local meteorological station recorded the lowest Monday morning, —49 degrees. See temperatures in another column.

• • •

The members of the Ladies' Aid of the Delia United Church will be "at home" to all the friends of the church, both in town and country, at their next regular meeting, Feb 6th, in the annex of the church, from 4 to 5 p.m. All those who so kindly helped with the bazaar, or gave donations to church dinners, or in any way helped with church work during the past year, are cordially invited. F. S. Chase, secretary.—Advt.

• • •

"Yes, I'm in with the bunch" "And where are the bunch going?" "I don't know, and don't care." This is very frequently heard in the conversations of today. Do you belong to the drifting class? Are you without compass or guide drifting you know not where? Don't go on to the rocks, but come and get direction, compass and guide. Come and help us in the song service at the Baptist Church on Sunday evening, at 7.15

• • •

The annual meeting of the Springwater School Fair Association was held on Friday, the 25th inst., at Sentinel Hill School. The following officers were elected:—President, V. J Simpson; vice- pres. J. L. Newman; sec-treas., Mrs J. L. Newman Directors—Springwater, W. Lawrence; David George, J. Miller; Starland, J. F Harrison; Majestic, Mrs. J. Beaton; Sentinel Hill, J. Blair; Farrell Lake, Geo Cox; Newcort, Mrs. V. J Simpson. The scholarships were won by Louis Stirland; Howard Sloan, Newport; Alex Morrison and Donald Macpherson, Sentinel Hill.

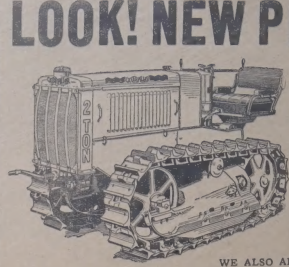
• • •

Notwithstanding the severity of the weather on Monday night there was a fair attendance of patrons at the Olympia Theatre to hear Baldy Strang and Miss Edythe McGahey, known as the Sunset Artists. Strang is the best one man show that has been seen here for a long time. His character make-ups, his comic opera skits, bagpipe playing of Scotch and other popular airs, together with impersonation of Harry Lauder, cornet solos, songs and selections from the masters, were well received and applauded. Miss McGahey delighted her audience with pianoforte solos and duets with Mr. Strang. Her Sword and Highland Fling dancing drew well-merited applause. At the close Mr. Strang sang, "The Holy City," accompanied by Miss McGahey on the piano who also joined in the chorus. Mr Strang said he hoped to visit Delia a year hence with a larger company, and thanked his audience for their patronage that evening. The entertainment was conducted by all standing and singing, "God Save the King."

Increased Value in Livestock Marketed

In spite of a decrease in the numbers of livestock marketed from Alberta farms during 1928, the value of the animals handled on both Calgary and Edmonton stockyards for the year shows a marked increase as compared with 1927. On the Calgary yard, although the receipts of cattle decreased from 97,480 in 1927 to 82,226 in 1928, calves from 21,228 to 16,029 and hogs from 105,887 to 102,321, the value of the animals disposed of show an increase of from $5,284,059 to $8,776,257 01. On the Edmonton stockyards while cattle receipts dropped from 73,048 to 68,875, calves increased from 17,268 to 18,026, and hogs decreased from 130,026 to 106,991. The value of animals sold was $6,587,114 in 1928 as compared with $5,870,293 in 1927.

LOOK! NEW PRICES!



Here is a 15 Horse Power "CATERPILLAR" in the Price Range of a Round Wheel Tractor that Has No Equal on the Market Today.

$1635.00
(TERMS)
F.O.B. CALGARY
Old Price $1,810.

WE ALSO ANNOUNCE—

THE ARRIVAL OF THE "TEN" ... and AGAIN BIG REDUCTIONS IN PRICES

A Powerful Little 10 h.p.
NOW $1225.00

better quicker cheaper

Old Price $2625.00
NOW $2450.00

Old Price $3205.00
NOW $3075.00

ALL PRICES F. O. B. CALGARY

Old Price $5570.00
NOW $5390.00

TWO ITEMS OF GOOD NEWS! - - - - A 10 H.P. "CATERPILLAR"

Just what you want. Now there is a size for every farmer at prices within the reach of all. Little brother to the larger sizes—smaller in size and price, but the same sturdy quality construction. A wonderful worker—tireless—faithful. A compact unit of power.

REDUCED PRICES—to invite new users in new fields and old. Prices that make the "CATERPILLAR" now, even more than ever before, the most profitable investment for the consumer tasks of the farm. Reductions mean real savings in money.

IF YOU NEED A "CATERPILLAR" YOU PAY FOR IT WHETHER YOU BUY IT OR NOT.

CATERPILLAR

UNION TRACTOR & HARVESTER
COMPANY, LIMITED
NINTH AVE. and EIGHTH ST. WEST. CALGARY

Delia Women's Institute
Cemetery Account

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures
To December 31, 1928

RECEIPTS

Bank Balance, January 1, 1928		$ 55.41
DONATIONS:		
Stentinel Hill W.I.	$ 15.00	
M. and F. C. W.I.	10.00	
Village of Delia	25.00	
R. U. Zuberniss	1.00	
S. S. Dalmott	5.00	
Lambton M.D.	100.00	
Mecheolte M.D.	50.00	
Miss Ewing	5.00	
R. Long	2.00	
Mrs. G. Morrison	5.00	
Mr. L. L. Sproutman	1.00	
Mr. W. Smith	10.00	
		$227.00
Garden party	67.85	
Berries and sugar sold re garden party	2.35	
		70.20
		$352.61

EXPENDITURES

Nursery stock, seeds, etc.	$ 37.85
Rose poison	1.25
P. Anderson, gates	24.80
Delia Times, printing and Advt.	3.90
Supplies for garden party	23.50
Stationery, postage, and freight	1.85
Labor, re care of cemetery	114.75
Water	6.00
Laundry, lumber, coal oil, coal, sundry	9.00
	$222.60
Receipts	$352.61
Error, deposit	3.00
	$355.61
Expenditures	222.60
Bank Balance	133.01
	$355.61

Audited this 19th day of January, A.D. 1929, and found to be correct.
J. W. CLARK,
Official Auditor

FOR SALE

A Singer Sewing Machine, almost new; price $35.00. Apply to
Mrs J. W. POLAND
5-7p Phone 807, Delia.

The man in the wrong is the one who won't forgive.

Alberta Wheat Pool

T. Cleveland of Delacour, who raised over 50,000 bushels of wheat last year, has signed a Wheat Pool Contract. He will seed 4000 acres this year.

• • •

When 2c per bushel farm storage payment came into effect on January 16th, the receipts at Alberta Pool elevators almost doubled for a considerable period. 200,000 bushels a day were received for some considerable time.

• • •

Scores of meetings have been held by Alberta Wheat Pool field service men throughout the province. Every phase of the Pool movement is open for discussion at these meetings.

• • •

Great interest was taken in the hearing held by the Grain Commissioners on the question as to whether or not Pool members can direct their grain though line elevators to Pool terminals. A. A. MacGillivray, solicitor for the grain drivers, held the Pool member had relinquished this right when he signed a Pool contract. M. M. Porter, Alberta Pool solicitor, maintained that the Pool farmer had not deprived himself of this right given under the Canada Grain Act. Decision was reserved

• • •

E. B. Ramsay, manager of the Canadian Wheat Pool, was in Calgary for several days conferring with the directors of the Alberta Pool Mr. Ramsay addressed a Pool meeting at Olds on the night of Friday, January 25th.

Combines Numerous in Alberta

Some 1,095 combine harvesters were purchased in Alberta in 1928 bringing the total number in operation in the province up to 1,316 according to a survey recently conducted by a western farm paper. Purchases in the three prairie provinces during the year totalled 3,657 of which 2,336 were in Saskatchewan and the remaining 206 in Manitoba. The sales in the three provinces in 1928 represent an increase of 611% over the sales in the previous year.

They Belong to Farmers

This Company is farmer-owned, and every dollar of earnings belongs to farmers.

Every dollar of earnings is either paid back to farmers, or employed in strengthening the Company for still greater usefulness to farmers.

DELIVER YOUR GRAIN TO

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD
Elevator at DELIA